

Established February, 1846.

Vol. XXXVIII. No. 5778. AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL. LONDON :- F. ALGAR, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E. C. GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill. GORDON & GOTOH, Ludgate Circus, E.C. BATES AR. MAX PAQUIN is hereby autho-HENDY & Co., 37, Walbrook, E.C. SAMUEL DEACON & Co., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street. PARIS AND EUROPE :- GALLIEN & PRINCE, 36, Rue Lufayette, Paris. NEW YORK:-Andrew Wind, 133, Nassau Strect. AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND :- GORDON & GOTCH, Melbourne and Sydney. SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally :- BEAN & BLACK, San Fran-SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.:-SAYLE & Co., Square, Singapore. C. Heinszen & Co., Manila. CHINA: Macao, Mosses A. A. DE MELLO Swatow, Campbell & Co. Wilson, Nicholls & Co. Foochow, Hedge & Co. Shanghai. LANE, CHAWPORD & Co., and KELLY & WALSH. Yokohama, LANE, CRA !ygird át Cu. Banks. HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. COURT OF DIRECTORS. Chairman-A. McIven, Esq. Deputy Chairman-H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq. Hon. E.R. Belilios. | Hon. F. B. Johnson. DE C. FORBES, WM. REINERS, Esq. F. D. Sassoon, Esq. H. Hoppius, Esq. W. S. Young, Esq. London, 29 Gracechurch St., CHIEF MANAGER. Hongkong,.....THOMAS JACKSON, Esq. MANAGER. Shanghai,.....Ewen Cameron, Esq. LONDON BANKERS.—London and County HONGKONG. INTEREST ALLOWED. ON Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent, per annum on the daily For Fixed Deposits:-For 3 months, 3 per cent: per annum. ,, 4 per cent. ,, | ,, ,, 12 ,, 5 per cent. ,, LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED. Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description (Banking and Exchange business transacted. Drafts, granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, CRASED on the 31st December, 1880. Australia, America, China and Japan. T. JACKSON,

Chief Manager. Offices of the Corporation,

No. 1, Queen's Road East. Hongkong, August 16, 1881. COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS (Incorporated 7th & 18th March, 1848.)

TOECOGNISED by the International CONVENTION OF 30TH APRIL, 1862: CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP.....£3,200,000. RESERVE FUND £800,000.

HEAD OFFICE-14, RUE BERGERE, PARIS. AGENCIES and BRANCHES at: SAN FRANCISCO, BOURBON, LONDON.

HONGKONG. MARSEILLES, BOMBAY. HANKOW. CALCUTTA. Lyons, SHANGHAI, FOOCHOW. MELEGUENE, and SYDNEY. LONDON BANKERS:

THE BANK OF ENGLAND. THE UNION BANK OF LONDON. MESSES C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

The Hongkong Agency receives Fixed Deposits on Terms to be ascertained on application, grants Drafts and Credits on all parts of the World, and transacts every description of Banking Exchange Business. E. SCHWEBI IN. Agent, Hongkong.

Hongkong, April 12, 1881. ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. (Incorporated by Royal Charter.) PAID-UP CAPITAL£1,500,000. TATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DE-At 3 months' notice 3% per Annum. ,, 5% ,, .,,

may be learnt on application. GEO. O. SCOTT, Active Manager. Oriental Bank Corporation

Ourrent Accounts kepts on Terms which

Hongkong, September 4, 1879. To Let.

TODOWNS-TO LET PRATA BASE AND WANCHAS ROAD. For Particulars, apply to SIEMESEN & Co. Hongkong, January 21, 1681.

TO LET. 10, 4, Old Battley Street. No. 4. SEYMOUR TERRACE. "RUREARJEAN," No. 10, ALBAMY ROAD, OFFICES in No. 18, QUEEN'S BOAD CENTRAL

Apply to DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co. Hongkong, January 4, 1882.

號一十月正年二十八百八千一英

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1882.

Notices of Firms. NOTICE.

Vi rized to Sign our Firm by Procura-HARBOUR are published for the information of MARINERS:-Hongkong, January 1, 1882. NOTICE.

R. FREDERICK DEBLOIS BUSH VI is Admitted a PARTNER in our Spring Tide. Mark. Firm from this date, and Mr. GEORGE H. WHEELER is authorized to Sign our AMCY. RUSSELL & Co. Coker Reef, Dinmeter 7 ft. China, 1st January, 1882. large Buoy. Southern en-6 in., Red and NOTIOE. trance to Inner White vertical Stripes. TATR. WILHELM DETMERS has been

Harbour.

NI Admitted a PARTNER in our Firm from the First Instant. small Buoy. Coker Reef, Diameter 3 ft. RÄDECKER & Co. Southern on-4 in., Red. trance to Inner Hongkong, January 3, 1882. Harbour, NOTIOE. TATE Have this day CHANGED the Style of Brown Reef, Diameter 5 ft. Amoy Inner 3 in., Red and of our Firm to White horizon-

THOMAS ROWE & SMITH, the Business remaining in all Respects as heretofore. THOMAS & MERCER. Canton, 1st January, 1882.

NOTICE. THE BUSINESS of my Firm at FOOGHOW, 1 CHINA, which has been Carried on under the Style of "WESTALL GALTON & Co." since 1869, will in future be CONDUCT ED under the Style of GALTON & Co., - Mr.: WESTALL Retired from the Firm W. P. GALTON.

NOTICE. AAR, HENRY ACKLAND NORTHEY IVI is hereby authorized to Sign our

1st January, 1882.

Firm by Procuration. GALTON & Co. Foochow, 1st January, 1882.

NOTICE. THE Undersigned have been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the Sale of their GOODS by Messrs KYNOCH & Co., of

WITTON, DEBT BIRMINGHAM. MEYER & Co. Hongkong, August 13, 1881. NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY OF Mr. CARL KREBS in our Firm Mr. CARL JANTZEN and Mr. H. C.

MICHAELSEN are authorized to Sign our Firm from To-DAY. MELCHERS & Co. Hongkong, 1 1st January, 1882.

TATE Have this day CLOSED the BRANCH of our Firm at YOKOHAMA. $REISS_\&_Co_$

} 25th November, 1881. Hongkong,

NOTICE⁵

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr. W. KERFOOT HUGHES in our Firm CEASED on the 31st December last. The Business will be carried on, under the same Style, by Mr. WILLIAM LEGGE and Mr. EDWARD JONES HUGHES. HUGHES & LEGGE.

Hongkong, January 14, 1882.

NOTICE AR ALEXANDER PALMER

IVI McEWEN is admitted a PARTNER HOLLIDAY; WISE & Co. Hongkong, January 1, 1882.

NOTICE.

HAVE this day Established myself at this Port as MERCHANT and GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, under the Style and

EDUARD VOGEL. CARL ED. VOGEL Hongkong, January 16, 1882.

TOICE is hereby given, that the PART-NERSHIP existing between Mr. EMIL VOCEL and Mr. H. KIRCHHOFF, under the Firm of

.VOGEL & Co., has been Dissolved, on the 11th Instant. by mutual consent. Each of the Partners will attend to the Liquidation. EMIL VOGEL

Hongkong, January 17, 1882.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

BOUT 2,000 hs. MILLER & RICHARD'S Extra-hard Metal BOURGEOT TYPE, No. 19, (somewhat worn but in fairly good condition). Apply to

OFFICE OF THIS PAPER. Hongkong, July 22, 1881.

FOR SALE, ULES MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co. Hongkong, November 1, 1881.

WASHING BOOKS: (In English and Chinese.) TX7ASHERMAN'S BOOKS, for the use VV of Ladies and Gentlemen, can now behad at this Office.—Price, \$1 each. CHIMA MAIL Office,

Intimations.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 3.

ITHE following Particulars concerning the POSITIONS of the BUOYS in Amor

Depth of Water at Description of Position of Low Water Name. Remarks. Coker Rocks, To Eastward of Iron Nun Buoy, 6 fathoms About 17 fathoms E. by N. I N. from N. Eastern Edge of Reef. Coker Rocks, To Westward of Iron Can Buoy 65 fathoms About 30 fathoms West of N.:Western Edge of Brown Rock To Southward Iron Nun Buoy, 81 fathoms About 35 fathoms S.S.E. from the highest Pinnacle of Reef and in the position ascribed to it in Ad tal Stripes. miralty Chart No. 1764 (Amoy Inner Harbour). Harbour Near Harbour Iron Nun Buoy. About 4 fathous S. of Rock upon which there Rock Buoy. Rock, Amoy In-Diameter 3 ft. nor Harbour. 4 in., Red and Shoal water White horizon-(31 fathoms) extends tal Stripes. about 13 fathoms to N.W. Kellett Spit On North Edge Iron Can Buoy 22 feet Vessels must go on the of Kellett Spit, Diameter 6 ft. North side of this Buoy. Northern en Red. trance to Inner

> W. B. RUSSELL, Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Custon House, Amoy, 12th January, 1882.

31 & 33, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

MENERAL DRAPERY DEPARTMENT:-LONG CLOTHS and FLANNELS. TABLE LINENS and IRISH LINENS. GENERAL HOUSEHOLD LINENS. SHEETINGS, BLANKETS, &c., &c.

FANCY DRESS AND SILK DEPARTMENT:-PLAIN and FANCY DRESS GOODS. COLOURED and BLACK SILKS. -FANCY BROCADED SILKS (PARISIAN).

ALL WOOL SERGES, &c., &c., &c. SILK VELTETS AND VELVETEENS :-FASHIONABLE STRIPED SILK VELVETS. FASHIONABLE EMBOSSED SILK VELVETS.

FASHIONABLE EMBOSSED VELVETEENS FANCY LACE GOODS IN FICHUS, COLLARETTES AND SETS OF COLLARS AND RIBBONS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, REAL and IMITATION LACES, SUN SHADES, UMBRELLAS, CORSETS, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S BOOTS and SHOES,

LADIES' and CHILDERN'S UNDERCLOTHING, Fancy WOOL and CREWEL WORK, FANCY GOODS, CHENILLE and BEADED FRINGES, SPANISH, and BEADED BLACK LACES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c., &c., Also, Gentlemen's SHIRTS, COLLARS, SCARVES, HANDKERCHIEFS,

HALF HOSE, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, SOLITAIRES and STUDS, and an Indescribable Number of MISCELLANEOUS GOODS. ADDRESS

> ROSE AND COMPANY, 31 & 33, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, January 3, 1882.

Intimations.

THE MEDICAL MISSIONARY SOCIETY IN CHINA.

THE Forty-third Annual MEETING of this Society will be Held in Canton on THURSDAY, January 26th, at Two o'Clock p.m., at the House of Mesers Russell & Co., Shamien. J. G. KERR. Secretary.

Canton, January 19th, 1882.

NOTICE.

TT is Requested that all CLAIMS against the late Rev. C. G. BOOTH, Military Chaplain, and any PROPERTY belonging to him or CREDITS due to his Estate, may be sent without delay to the Undersigned, Addressed to the CHARTERED MER-CANTILE BANK.

W. H. MULLOY, Major, R.E., For the Committee of Adjustment. Hongkong, January 19, 1882.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY,

LIMITED. NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Ordinary Half-Yearly MEETING

of SHAREHOLDERS will be Held at the Hongroud Horzt on THURSDAY, the 26th Instant, at 4 o'Clock in the Afternoon, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts and declaring a D. idend. By Order of the Board of Directors, LOUIS HAUSCHILD,

Scoretary. Hongkong, January 6, 1882.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY LIMITED.

THE Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 13th to the 26th Instant, both days inclusive. By Order of the Board of Directors, LOUIS HAUSCHILD,

Secretary. Hongkong, January 6, 1882.

HE. "FAR EAST.
THE EMUZE OF 1878 WANTED. Apply at this Office. Hongkong, October 4, 1880.

Intimations.

. 26ja82

NOTICE TO MARINERS. CHINA SEA.

CANTON RIVER AND DISTRICT. SUNKEN JUNK NEAR AMBERST POINT

OTICE is hereby given, that a Large SALT LADEN JUNK has been Sunk in 16 feet at low water spring tides, about & a mile to the North-Westward of AMBERST POINT. The Junk sits quite upright with her 3 Masta standing. From Junk, Second Bar Pagoda bears

N. 48° W.

From Junk, Seecheetow Pagoda bears N. 78° 45′ W. Until further Notice two red Lights in a Vertical Line one over the other will be hoisted on the Junk's Foremast from suriset

to sunrise. F. E. WOODRUFF. Commissioner of Oustoms.

Custom House. Canton, 19th January, 1882.

NOTICE.

THE HEAD OFFICE of THE CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, is this day REMOVED to No. 14, QUEEN'S ROAD. J. BRADLEE SMITH.

Secretary. Hongkong, January 16, 1882.

WINDSOR HOUSE, Non. 18 and 19, Bund, Yokohama.

THE above well-furnished Horse commands a fine view of the Harbour and Shipping; and the building is surrounded by a large/Verandah, which makes this resort the Coolest Hotel in the East Charges From \$2.50 to \$4 per day. Porter to land and all Boggage. BMITH, SWIFT & Co.

Yokohama, Japan, Sept. 1881.

TOKKEE COAL MERCHANY. 83, Wing Hing Liane, Hungkong,

7 TEPS on hand for Sale all Kinds of STRAM COAL of the best quality, at moderate fate | also hat always Powerful STRAW LAUNCHES for HIRE at a reasonable Charge, either for special Purposes, Excursions, or Towing. Hongkong, January 13, 1882.

NOTICE.

Intimations.

THERE will be NO NIGHT-BOAT to or from CANTON on and after TUES-DAY, the 24th Instant, and until further Notice. The POWAN leaving HONGKONG on SUNDAY, will return from Canton on MONDAY NIGHT.

On and after TUESDAY, the Zith Inst., the POWAN will Run Temporarily as a DAY-BOAT between Hongkong and Canron, instead of the Ichang, which will be withdrawn from the Line for a few days. By Order, P. A. DA COSTA,

Secretary, Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steamboat Company, Limited. BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, China Navigation Company,

Hongkong, January 20, 1882.

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Thirty-First Ordinary Half-Yearly MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be Held at the OFFICE of the Company, No. 52, Queen's Road, on THURSDAY, the 26th January instant, at 3 o'Clock in he Afternoon, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, is 12 feet low water together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend and electing Auditors. By Order of the Board of Directors,

P. A. DA COSTA. Secretary. Hongkong, January 4, 1882.

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE. THE Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 13th to the 26th Instant, inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors. P. A. DA COSTA, Secretary. Hongkong, January 4, 1882.

Notices to Consignees.

STEAMSHIP "PETHO COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGRRIES MARITIMES. NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamship Undus, from London, in connection with the above Steamer, are hereby informed that their Goods-with the exception of Opium and Treasure-are being landed and stored at their risk at the Company's Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained

immediately after landing. Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless intimation is received from the Consignees, before Noon To-DAY, the 19th Inst., requesting it to be landed here. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

the Undersigned. Goods remaining unclaimed after Thurs-DAY, the 26th Instant, at Noon; will be subject to rent and landing charges. No Fire Insurance has been effected.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agent. Hongkong, January 19, 1882.

SHIRE-LINE OF STEAMERS. FROM LONDON, PENANG AND

SINGAPORE THE Steamship Merionethshire, RICKARD 1 Commander, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods-with the exception of Opium-are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Undersigned at Wanchai, whence delivery may be ob-

Consignees wishing to receive their Goods on the Wharf are at liberty to do so. Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless notice to the contrary be given before Noon To DAY. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods

remaining after the 25th Instant will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,

Hongkong, January 19, 1882.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. GERMAN BARK "ADOLPH," FROM HAMBURG.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the abovenamed Vessel are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods. Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.,

Agents. Hongkong, January 14, 1882. NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

B. B. "TAKASAGO MARU," FROM KOBE AND YOKOHAMA

Vessel are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongsities Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after Tuesnay, the 17th Instant, will be landed and stored at Consignees' expense and risk.
No Fire-Insurance will be effected.

H. J. H. TRIPP, Agent, Mitsu Bishi Mail S. S. Co. Hongkong, January 16, 1862.

日二初月二十年已辛

Notices to Consignees.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES. NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

TONSIGNEES of the following Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and take immediate delivery. This Cargo has been landed and stored at their risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Ex Yangtse. R, No. 9, 1 case Flour, Order, from

Ex Amazone. 8/9 = 2 cases Merchandises, Order, from

H J (in cross), No. 16, 19=2 cases, Order, from London. H S, 7810/19=10 cases Colours, Order, from Marsoilles. H S. 7820/34=15 cases Colours, Order,

from Marseilles. Ex Anadyr. (No. 17, 1 case Hats, HH (in cross), Order, from London.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Hongkong, January 12, 1882.

Steamers. OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR SHANGHAI VIA AMOY. (Taking Cargo & Passengers at through rates for CHEFOO, NEWCHWANG, TIEN-TSIN, HANKOW and Ports on

the YANGTSZE.) The Co.'s Steamship will be despatched at Daylight on SUNDAY, " Deucation' the 22nd Instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Hongkong, January 20, 1882.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW. The Steamship "Kwanglung," Captain Young, will be despatched for the above

Ports on TUESDAY, the 24th Instant, at Daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

Hongkong, January 20, 1882. ja24 FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE. Calling at PORT DARWIN & QUEENS LAND PORTS should sufficient inducements offer, and taking through -Cargo to NEW ZEALAND.)

The Eastern and Australian Steamship Coy.'s Steamer "Catterthun," The Eastern and Ausdue here on 19th January, will have quick despatch as above. For Freight or Passage, apply to

GIBB. LIVINGSTON & Co., Hongkong, December 29, 1881.

UNION LINE. FOR SHANGHAI. The Steamship

"Escambia" Captain Punvis, due on or about the 24th Inst., will have quick despatch for the above Port. For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, January 17, 1882.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY FOR SHANGHAI, VIA AMOY. Taking Cargo & Passengers at through rates for CHEFOO, NEWCHWANG, TIEN-

TSIN, HANKOW and Ports on the YANGTSZE.) The Co.'s Steamship Captain Jones, will be despatched on or about the 27th Instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE Agents. Hongkong, January 18, 1882.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY. FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL The Co.'s Steamship

he 28th Instant. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Acents. Hongkong, January 28, 1882.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ PORTA

SAID, AND TRIESTE. MONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above (Taking Cargo at through rates to CAL. inguital Discounts. OUTTA. PERSIAN GULF PORTS. ODESSA, and the MEDITERRANEAN PORTS. The Co. s Steamship

Hungaria! will be despatched on MON-DAY, the 6th Proximo, et 4 p.m. For further Particulars, apply to MELCHERS & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, January 14, 1882.

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

Shipping.

Steamers.

FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL. The Steamship "Glencarn."

Dapt. W. E. Duke, will be despatched for the above Port on or about the 25th Instant. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON'& Co. Hongkong, January 17, 1882.

Sailing Vessels.

FOR VICTORIA (VANCOUVER'S

ISLAND). The A 1 American Ship " W. J. Rotch, BRAY, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, January 12, 1882.

FOR NEW YORK,

The 3: 3. A. 1. 1. Amer. Ship WARLAND, Master, will load here for the above Port, and

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, January 4, 1882.

FOR VICTORIA (VANCOUVER'S ISLAND). The A 1 American Ship

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, December 30, 1881.

BROWN, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

Hongkong, December 30, 1881. FOR NEW YORK The 3/3 A.1.1. American Bark "Nicholas Thaner."

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co.

FOR NEW YORK The A 1 American Bark R. Howes, Master, will load here for the above Port, and " Pearl."

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, December 27, 1881.

BRUHN, Master, will load here and at WHAMPOA for the above Ports, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The 41 American Ship times J. H. Howland, Master, will load here for the above Port,

RUSSELL & Co.

COMPANY OF

ESTABLISHED 1824.

Capital of the Company £1,000,000 Sterling of which is paid up \$\frac{2}{2} \cdot 100,000 \quad \text{Paid upwards of £ 120,000} Annual Income £ 250.000 THE Undersigned have been appointed

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co. Hongkong, October 15, 1868.

LIMITED. HEAD OPHICE-I. ROYAL EXCHANGE Bundings, London W. Seriese

THE Undersigned having been appointed.

AGENTS in Howardong and Curra for MARINE RISES & Current Rates, allow-

ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Hongkong, May 3, 1881.

INSURANCE COMPANYLIGHT THE Undersigned, Acents of the stoods

GILMAN & CO.II Hongkong, January 1, 1882.

have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to:

For Freight, apply to

PERCIVAL, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

FOR VICTORIA (VANCOUVER'S ISLAND). The A 1 American Ship

For Freight, apply to RUSSELLT&COM

CHOSEY, Master, will Total Hera for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

Hongkong, December 27, 1881.

will have quick despatch.

FOR HAVRE AND LONDON. The 3/8 L.1.1. German Barque

ARNHOLD KARBERG & Co. 2 Hongkong, December 22, 1881.

and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

Hongkong, December 13, 1881.

-Insurances. MANCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE MANCHESTER AND TONDON.

Agents for the above Company Antenor,"

Captain Basos, will be and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

> THAMES AND MERSEY MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE

Company, are authorized to Fasure against FIRE at Current Rates.

THRISTMAS STORES AND NEW AND SEASONABLE GOODS.

EX FRENCH MAIL STEAMER. MUSCATEL RAISINS.

METZ FRUIT. ASSORTED COSAQUES. CALLARD & BOWSER'S CONFECTIONERY. BUTTER SCOTCH. HONEY SCOTCH.

ROSE TOFFEE. LEMON TOFFEE. ROSE'S LIME JUICE CORDIAL.

PLUM PUDDINGS. PATRAS CURRANTS. VALENCIA RAISINS.

CHRISTMAS CARDS. PRESENTATION BOOKS. FANOÝ STATIONERY. LAWN TENNIS SHOES. KENTISH COB NUTS.

Ex Steamen "Glenfinlas." STILTON CHEESE. YORK HAMS. CHRISTMAS CAKES. TEYESONEAU'S DESSERT FRUITS. ALMONDS and RAISINS. SMYRNA FIGS.

PICNIC TONGUES. FILBERTS. COCOATINA. VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA LIEBIG'S & EPP'S COCOA. FRENCH PLUMS.

HUNTLEY & PALMER'S BISCUITS. PATE DE FOIE GRAS. MINCEMEAT. CHOCOLATE—MENIER. SAUSAGES.

BRAWN.

ISIGNY BUTTER DANISH-BUTTER BREAKFAST TONGUES. ANCHOVIES. ASPARAGUS. SOUPS, &c.

WINES AND SPIRITS. CHAMPAGNES-

HIEDSIECK'S MONOPOLE & WHITI VEUVE CLIQUOT PONSARDIN. JULES MUMM & Co., pints & quarts.

OLARETS-CHATEAU LA ROSE, pints & quarts: CHATEAU LAFITE. IRES. GRAVES. BREAKFAST CLARET,

SHERRIES & PORT— SACCONE'S MANZANILLA & AMON-

MILLADO! SACCONE'S OLD INVALID PORT HUNT'S PORT.

BRANDY, WHISKY, LIQUEURS, &c.-1, 2.& 3-star Hennessy's BRANDY. BISQUIT DUTOUCHE & Co. 's BRANDY FINEST OLD BOURBON WHISKY. KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY. ROYAL GLENDEE WHISKY. CHARTREUSE. MARASCHINO. CURACAO. ANGOSTURA. BOKER'S and ORANGE BITTERS.

BASS'S ALE, bottled by CAMERON and SAUNDERS, pints and quarts. GUINNESS'S STOUT, bottled by E. & J. BURKE, pints and quarts.

PILSENER BEER, in quarts. DRAUGHT ALE and PORTER, by the ALE and PORTER, in hogsheads. EX AMERICAN MAIL

Fresh ROLL BUTTER. Eastern and Californian CHEESE. Boneless CODFISH. Prime HAMS and BACON. Russian CAVIARE. Eagle Brand Condensed MILK. PEACH and APPLE BUTTER Pickled OX-TONGUES. Family PIG-PORK in kegs and pieces. Paragon MACKEREL in 5 th cans. Beau Ideal SALMON in 5 to cans. Cutting's Dessert FRUITS in 21 to cans.

Assorted Canned VEGETABLES Potted SAUSAGE and Sausage MEAT. Stuffed PEPPERS. Assorted PICKLES. MINCEMEAT.

COMB HONEY in Original Frames. Richardson & Robbin's Celebrated Potted MEATS. Richardson & Robbin's Curried OYSTERS Lunch TONGUE. McCarty's Sugar LEMONADE. Clam OHOWDER. Smoked SALMON Green TURTLE in 21 th cans.

PICNIC SUPPLIES.

ALIFORNIA RACKER OMPANY'S BISCUITS in 5 h tins, and loose.

> Alphabetical BIS-CUITS. Fancy Sweet Mired BISCUITS. Ginger CAKES, Boda BISCUITS. Oyster BISCUITS

Cracked WHEAT. OATMEAL HOMINY.

CORNMEAL BUCKWHEAT FLOUR RYE MEAL

SPECIALLY SELECTED ARS

Fine New Season's CUMSHAW TEA, in 5 and 10 catty Boxes.

BREAKFAST CONGOU @ 25 cents p. ib. SHIPCHANDLERY of every Description. RIGGING and SAIL-MAKING promptly executed. Hongkong, December 8, 1881.

Entertainment.

MacEWEN, FRICKEL & Co. THEATRE ROYAL. CITY HALL. HONGKONG.

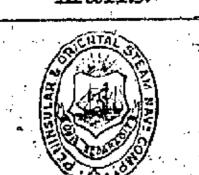
> THE MEMBERS of the HONGKONG CHORAL SOCIETY . WILL REPEAT THEIR PERFORMANCE

PIRATES OF PENZANCE. FRIDAY, the 27th Instant.

Tickets (price \$2.00), can be obtained at Messes Lane, Crawford & Co.'s Store, on and after Tucklay, the 24th January.

Performance at...... 9.00 Hongkong, January 18, 1882.

Mails.



STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, BRINDISI ANCONA, VENICE, PLYMOUTH, AND LONDON;

BOMBAY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND AUSTRALIA.

N.B.-Cargo can be taken on through Bills of Lading for BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF PORTS, MARSEILLES, TRIESTE, HAMBURG, NEW YORK AND BOSTON.

ITHE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steam-ship VENETIA, Captain A. B. DANIELL, with Her Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this for BOMBAY, on MONDAY the 23rd January, 1882, at 4 p.m. Cargo will be received on board unt

10 a.m. on the day of departure. Parcels and Specie (Gold) at the Office until 10 a.m. on the day of departure. Silk and Valuables for Europe will be transhipped at Point de Galle; but Tea and General Cargo at Bombay, arriving one week later than by the direct route vid

For further Particulars, regarding FREIGHT and PASSAGE, apply to the Peninsular & Ohiental Stram Naviga-TION COMPANY'S Office, Hongkong.

The Contents and Value of Packages are required to be declared prior to shipment. Shippers are particularly requested to note the terms and conditions of the Company's Black Bills of Lading. Passengers to England are now booked

to London, instead of Southampton, as Intending Passengers are informed that the Venetia connects at Galle with the Company's steamers Surat, from Australia, and Brindisi, from Calcutta.

Until Quarantine Restrictions are removed in Egypt, the Homeward Steamers will call at Marseilles, en route for Gibraltar and London, or, will proceed direct via Malta as usual at the Company's option. A. MoIVER, Superintendent.

Hongkong, January 12, 1882. NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES-MESSAGERIES MARITIMES. PAQUEBOTS POSTE FRANCAIS.

STEAM FOR SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA, POINT DE GALLE, COLOMBO ADEN, SUEZ, ISMÁILIA, PORT SAID, SYRIAN PORTS, NAPLES,

MARSEILLES, AND PORTS OF BRAZIL, AND LA PLATA; PONDICHERRY , MAÓRAS, CALCUTTA

AND ALL INDIAN PORTS. N MONDAY, the 30th day of January, 1882, at Noon, the Company's S. S. ANADYR, Commandant HERNANDEZ, with MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE,

and CARGO, will leave this Port for the above places. Cargo and Specie will be registered for London as well as for Marseilles, and accepted in transit through Marseilles for the principal places of Europe.

Shipping Orders will be granted until Noon of 29th January. Cargo will be received on board until p.m., Specie and Parcels until 3 p.m. on the 29th of January, 1882. (Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at the Agency's Office.

For further particulars, apply at the Company's Office. G. DE CHAMPEAUX

Hongkong, January 19, 1882.

Insurances.

NOTICE.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept Risks on First Class Godowns at per cent nett premiam per annum. NORTON & Co., Agents. Hongkong, May 19, 1881.

PRUBSIAN NATIONAL INSURANCE O. S. N. Co. COMPANY, OF STETTIN.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to Grant Insurances against FIRE at Current Rates.

· MEYER & Co. Hongkong, May 10, 1881.

To-day's Advertisements. OCCIDENTAL & ORIENTAL S. S.

COMPANY

NOTICE.

MONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamship OCEANIC; from San Francisco, &c., are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods. Cargo impeding the discharge of the Steamer will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

C. H. HASWELL, JR., ja28 Mr. Hassunbhoy Visram, Lieut. W. P. Hongkong, January 21, 1882.

-FOR-SHANGHAL The Steamship Captain Drewes, will be despatched for the above Port TO-MORROW, the 22rd Instant, at For Freight or Passage, apply to

SIEMSSEN & Co. Hongkong, January 21, 1882. TENDERS FOR REPAIRS TO BRITIS SHIP "HINDOSTAN."

THENDERS will be Received up to Noon son, and 35 Chinese. on MONDAY, the 23rd Instant, for DOCKING, STRIPPING, CAULKING, and REMETALLING the above-named

Only guaranteed Muntz Metal will be TENDERS for PURCHASE of the OLD METAL as it stands are also solicited. The CAPTAIN does not bind himself to accept the lowest or highest of either of above or any Tender.

MESSRS RUSSELL & Co., Agents. Hongkong, January 21, 1882. NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

GERMAN SHIP " DOROTHEA." Capt. MEHLHOSE, FROM HAMBURG.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above Vessel are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery Cargo impeding the discharge of the nese. Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

SIEMSSEN & Co., Hongkong, January 21, 1882. ja28

FROM LONDON AND SINGAPORE. being landed at their risk into the Godowns gapore very strong N.N.E. monsoon and of the Undersigned, whence and/or from the Wharves or Boats delivery may be ob- clesfield Bank; then moderate monsoon and

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary he given before Left San Francisco Dec. 21st at 4.30 p.m.; Noon To-DAY, the 21st January. Cargo remaining undelivered after the 28th January will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by and very smooth sea. Arrived here Jan.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. Hongkong, January 21, 1882.

Occidental & Oriental Steam-Ship Company.

TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES, MEXICO, CENTRAL AND

SOUTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE, THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS,

ATLANTIC & OTHER CONNECTING STEAMERS. THE S. S. OUEANIC will be despatched for San Francisco via Yokohama,

on MONDAY, the 6th February, 1882, Connection being made_ at Yokohama, with Steamers from Shanghai and Japan

All Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; and same will be received at the Company's Office, until 5 p.m. the day previous to sailing. A REDUCTION of 25 % made on

Return Pasbage Orders issued. Consular Invoices to accompany Overland, Mexican, Central and South American Cargo, should be sent to the Company's Offices addressed to the Collector of Customs, San Francisco. For further information as to Freight

or Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 50A, Queen's Road Central. CHAS. H-HASWELL, JR.,

Hongkong, January 21, 1882.

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

Jan. 20, 9 p.m., Glenroy, British steamer, 1411, J. Wallace, London Dec. 3, Port Said 17, Suez 21, and Singapore Jan. 12, General.-Jardine, Matheson & Co.

Jan. 21, 7 a.m., Occanic, British steamer, 3703, Metcalfe, San Francisco Dec. 21, and Contents and value of Packages are re- Yokohama Jan. 14, General.-O. & O. S. Jan. 21, Andromeda, German ship, 1879,

T. C. Schäffer, Cardiff Aug. 29, Coal.-Jan. 21. Dorothea, Gorman ship, 1016, Mehlhose, Hamburg Sept. 1, General.—

HEMLEN & Co. Jan. 21, Java Packet, British barque, 674, Hansen, San Francisco. Nov. 23, Genoral.—Russell & Co.

Jan. 21. Venetia. British steamer, 1728. A. B. Daniell, Shanghai Jan. 18, 9.45 a.m., Mails and General.—P. & O. S. N. Co. Jan. 21, Peking, British steamer, from

Jan. 21, Chintung, Chinese steamer, from Jan. 21, Malacca, British steamer, 1045, H. Weighell, Yokohama Jan. 12, via Hiogo

and Nagasaki, Mails and General.-P. & Jan. 21, Primus, Russian ship, 1147, O. F. Coderquist, Cardiff Sept. 1. Coal -

Jan. 21, Amoy, for Canton. 21, Delphin, for Saigon, 21, Cassandra, for Australian Ports.

CLEARED. Chistma Redman, for Ilvilo. Nicolas Thayer, for New York. Deucation, for Amoy. Red Orces, for San Francisco. Kang-chi, for Hoihow, &c. Glenroy, for Shanghai. Elacidalis, for Saigon.
Yollung, for Swatow. Ringleader, for Manila. Chintung, for Swatow, &c. Jeddah, for Swatow and Amoy

PASSENGERS ARRIVED. Per Oceanic, from San Francisco, &c.,

To-day's Advertisements. Conway, U.S.N., Messrs Damode Goodum-dam, C. Vogel, and C. L. Mosby, and 617

Chinese (steerage). Per Glenray, from London, Mr Alfred Jackson, and 67 Chinese from Singapore. Per Venetia, from Shanghai: for Hongkong, Messrs J. E. Squier, O. Brandt and servant, and C. Hill, Mr and Mrs Grey, infant and amal, and 22 Chinese; for Bombay, Mr White; for Venice, Messrs H. G. Stewart, and J. Kerr, Dr and Mrs Crane and 2 European servants, and Dr Woodruffe; for Plymouth; Mesers T. Cottle, and G. Watson; for London, Mr W. B. Hutchinson, Misses Burnett and Kirkby,

Messrs W. Gassick, and Goo. Grout. Per Malacca, from Yokohama, &c., Mr Chebourg, Mr and Mrs Bain, Mr and Mrs Mackenzie, Mr and Mrs Grigor, Mr Ander-Per Primus, from Cardiff, Mr B. V

Per Cassandra, for Australian Ports,

European, and 20 Chinese. To DEPART. Per Venetia, from Hongkong: for Singa pore, Lieut. A. Grenfell, Miss Nelson Messrs T. A. Earle, and J. R. d'Almeida

for Malta, Mr L. Bousatil; for Suez, Mr For Particulars, apply to the CAPTAIN or Mrs Richard Morris; for Brindisi, Messrs H. St. J. Browne, and T. Hayllar, Q.C.; for London, Mr R. Hooper. -From Yokohama : for Bombay, Mr and Mrs Grigor, infant and servant.—From Shanghai; for Bombay, Mr White; for Venice, Messrs H. G. Stewart, and J. Kerr : for Plymouth, Messrs T. Cottle, and G. Watson; for London, Mr W. B. Hutchinson, Misses Burnett and Kirkby, Messrs W. Gassick, and Geo. Grout.

> peans, and 100 Chinese. Per Yottung, for Swatow, 120 Chinese. Per Chintung, for Swatow, &c., 12 Chi-Per Jeddah, for Swatow and Amoy, 308

Per Kang-chi, for Holhow, &c., 2 Euro-

SHIPPING REPORTS. The British steamer Glenroy reports: Left London with general cargo and one passenger for Hongkong; arrived at Port Said on 17th, detained four days in Sucz THE Steamship Glenrou having arrived Canal: left Suez on 21st at 5 p.m.: arrived from the above Ports, Consignees at Singapore on 12th January, left same of Cargo are hereby informed that their night for Hongkong, experienced strong Goods—with the exception of Opium—are head winds most of the passage; from Sinhigh head sea to the vicinity of the Mac-

fine weather to this port. The British steamer Oceanic reports: strong head winds and sea to Yokohama; left Yokohama Jan. 14th at 10 a.m. strong N.W. winds to Van Dieman's Straits: thence to this port-very light variable-winds

21st at 7 a.m. The German ship Andromeda reports:-Ja28 Vessels spoken : American ship Tecumshee, on board all well in Ombay Passage; Russian ship Primus in Gillolo Passage; American barque Edwin Reed in Gillolo Passage the German language, by Rev. W. Louis, A French barque for Hongkong in Gillole

The German ship Dorothea, reports: Oct. 12th, spoke German ship Margaretha from Cardiff bound to Hongkong, in lat. 1.57 S., long. 26.48 W., 36 days out; Dec. 16th, spoke Spanish barque Delia from London bound to Hongkong, in the Ombay Passage, lat. 9.50 S., long. 122.15 E., 130 days out; Dec. 22nd, spoke British barque Sulitelma from Cardiff bound to Japan, in the Ombay Passage, lat. 8.50 S., long. 124.38 E., 118 days out.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

MAILS will close:to the Captain on board. FOR SWATOW AND SHANGHAL .-Per Chinting, at 9 a.m. To-morrow, the 22nd inst., instead of as previously

For SHANGHAL -Per Glenroy, at 9 a.m. To-morrow, the 22nd inst. Per Peking, at 9 a.m. To morrow, the

22nd inst. For SAIGON .-Per Blackhalls, at 9 a.m. To-morrow, the 22nd inst. Per Norden, at 2 30 p.m., on Monday,

the 23rd inst., instead of as previously notified. For SWATOW, AMOY, & FOOCHOW.-Per Kwangtung, at 5 p.m., on Monday, the 23rd inst.

fe6 | For NAGASAKI.-Per Gervase, at 5 p.m., on Monday, the For HOIHOW, PAKHOI, AND HAI-PHONG.—

Per Hainan, at 5 p.m., on Monday, the For NAGASAKI AND YOKOHAMA.--Per Malacca, at 11.30 a.m., on Wednesday, the 25th inst.

For STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.— Per Volmer, at 2.30 p.m., on Wednesday. the 25th inst. For SAIGON.—

Per Paladin, at 4.30 p.m., on Thursday, the 26th inst.

MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET .--The British Contract Packet Venetia will be despatched on MONDAY the 23rd January, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe vid Brindisi; to the Straits Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon, India, Aden, Mauritius, Egypt, , Malta

and Gibraltar. .B .- This Packet carries no mails for the Australian Colonies.

MAILS BY THE FRENCH PACKET.— The French Contract Packet Anady

will be despatched on MONDA? the 30th January, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe, vid Naples; to Saigon, Straits Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon, the Australasian Colonies, Pondichery Madras, Calcutta, Aden, Egypt, Malta and Gibraltar. The usual hours will be observed in closing

the Mails, &c. HOURS OF CLOSING THE ENGLISH MAIL. The following hours are observed in closing Mails, &c., by the British Contract

Day of Departure,-Noon. -- Money Order Office closes. P.M. - Registry of Letters ceases. Posting of all printed matter and patterns casses. P.M. - Mail closed, except for Late

3.10 P.M.—Letters may be posted with Late Fee of 10 cents until 3.30 P.M. - When the Post Office closes entirely. 3.40 P.M.—Late Letters may be posted on board the packet with Late Fce of 10 cents until time of departure.

Not Responsible for Debts.

Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor Owners will be Hesponsible for any Debt contracted by the Officers or their stay in Honghong Harbour :-CARL GERHARD, Gorman barque, Capt. Fr. Buhn.—Eduard Schellhass & Co. CHISTINA REDMAN, Amer. barkentine,

Capt. Geo. F. Elliot -- Master. H. W. Dudley, American barque, Capt. D. W. Dudley .- Order. HINDOSTAN, British ship, Captain Belven - Russell & Co. LAUREL, British barque, Captain Grassam.—Melchers & Co. NICOLAS THAYER, Amer. barque, Capt. Robt. S. Crosby.—Russell & Co.

ONEIDA, American ship, Captain Benjamin Carver, -Adamson, Bell & Co. PANAY, American ship, Captain S. P. the City Hall Theatre this evening, when a Bray, Jr.—Adamson, Bell & Co. RAJAH, German ship, Capt. P. Albrecht Solway, British steamer, Captain Robt. Jarvis.—Vogel & Co.

SYREN, American ship, Captain G. W. Brown.—Douglas Lapraik & Co. W. J. Rotch, American ship, Captain Mr P. W. Willard. WAREFIELD, American barque, Capt. W. S. Crowell.—Captain.

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW Shipping.

Daylight. Deucation leaves for S'hai. 10 a.m.—Peking leaves for Shanghai.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES :--ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL .- Rev. W. Jennings, M.A., Colonial Chaplain. Morning Service 11, Evening 5.45 (a short service). Holy Communion every Sunday, except

the 2nd and 4th in the month. Military Service.—Rev. J. Ost. Acting Military Chaplain. Parado Servico at A.M. Holy Communion on the second and fourth Sundays at the conclusion of the Parade Service. [A Voluntary Service held in the Garrison Theatre at 7.45

Union Church.—Morning Service, 11. A.M.—Rev. John Colville.—Divine Service in Chinese, 2-3 P.M. every Sunday, with communion on first Sunday of every month. -Rev. C. J. Edge. ST. PETER'S CHURCH, for SEAMEN, &c. -Rev. C. Gilbert Booth, B.A., Chaplain.

Service at 5 r.m. Holy Communion after Service on the third Sunday in each month. All the Seats are free. LONDON MISSION CHATEL, Queen's Road West.—Hongkong Christian Association Service for Seamen, Sunday and Thursday.

St. Stephen's Mission Church. - Rev. . Grundy, and Rev. Lo Sam Yuen. (All Services in Chinese.) Morning Prayer :-Litany, Ante-Communion, and Sermon, at 11 A.M. Bible Class, at 3 P.M. Preaching, at 6.30 P.M. Holy Communion, 1st Sunday n Chinese month. GERMAN BETHESDA CHAPEL -Service in

every Sunday, at half-past ten A.M., in the Chapel of the Berlin Foundling House, Sr. Joseph's Church, Garden Road.-A.M. Mass and Sermon. 5.30 P.M. Evening Service, Benediction.

MEMOS. FOR MONDAY. Shipping.

Call and Europe. Tenders Close. Tenders for Repairs to British ship Hindestan will be received up to Noon at the office of Messrs Russell & Co., or

Meeting. 9 p.m. - Meeting of Victoria Lodge.

HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Established A.D. 1841.

香港大黎房 A. S. WATSON & Co., FAMILY & DISPENSING CHEMISTS. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS.

IMPORTERS DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, NURSERY REQUI-SITES. TOILET REQUISITES, ENGLISH, AMERICAN, AND FRENCH PATENT MEDICINES. MANUFACTURERS

Soda Water, Lemonade, Tonic Water, Gingerade, Potass Water, Sarsaparilla Water, and other Aerated Waters. The Manufactory is under direct and continuous European Supervision. Hongkong, June 1, 1876.

DIED. At Macao, on the 13th Instant, at his residence, after a short illness, Camillo Leils DE SOUZA; aged 77.

The publication of this issue commenced at 7.55 p.m. The China Itail.

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1882 LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The next ENGLISH MAIL by the S. S. Thibel, may be expected to arrive here tomorrow, the 22nd inst. It brings London dates up to the 17th December.

THE delivery of the American mail was begun at 8.10 this morning.

China, left London on the 11th instant. THE Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's Steam Navigation Co.'s str. Hungaria leit Singapore this morning, and is due here on the 29th

tery in this garrison since taking over the command from Colonel Hall Wong Sang, unemployed, has been arrested 4th page treating of the form of oath or in connection with the Mong Kok Teur burglary, and he, along with the other five now in custody, will be charged with the offence

to-day his first official inspection of the bat-

on Tuesday next. THE permanent battery erected at North Point has now been completed, and it is contemplation to mount there, during the course of next week, five wrought-iron, M. L. R. 7 inch, 6 ton guns.

By an unfortunate slip, in the report of a more cogent as the knowledge of the Reliof the defendant throughout as "Mrs quent courts of law are not so lefty as Gren of the following Vessels, during Rose," instead of "Miss Rose," as it ought others of the Chinese people; but it is too to have been.

> THE Pall Mall Gazette, in noticing the Trade and Navigation Returns for November, points out that the only important exception to the general expansion in exports is cotton piece goods, shipments of which had been proviously overdone to India and

> WE would remind our readers that Willard's Wanderers give their last performance in. long and varied programme will be performed. The company proceed to Shanghai by the incoming mail steamer Thibet, and the entertainment this evening will be for the joint benefit of Miss A. Bereaford and

washed up on the foreshore in front of the cause of death, as, independent of drownbamboo cord tied tightly round the neck.

THE Royal Artillery appear to have been making much better practice this year at Stonecutter's Island than they have done on pravious occasions at Stanley, as they have succeeded in destroying no less than five targets in as many days. The target is stached, and the practice is carried out with common and shrapnell shell fired from 64 pr. M. L. R. guns.

CONCLUSIVE stops are now being taken t complete arrangements for opening th Hongkong Telephone Exchange, at the offices of the Great Northern Telegraph Company, Marine House. Over a dozen business houses are already connected, and the Exchange will be in full working order in the course of a few days. The apparatus at present to hand will not admit of anything like an extended connection, but a large consignment of new instruments is expected by an early steamer, when the Company will no doubt be in a position to "switch on" from one end of the town to the other.

By San Francisco files of 15th December, received here to-day per Uccanio, we regret to learn that the British ship Tubal Cain, the dignity of Justice. But a careful Taggart, master, 128 days from Singapore, p.m.—English Mail leaves for Ports of had not been heard of. The Tabal Gain that the license and lack of dignity have was a large iron vessel of over 1,000 tons | been monopolised by the prisoner himself : burden, and the last that has been authen- while the hands of the Judges were tied by tically heard of respecting her, was from the report of Captain Belyes of the Hindostan, had been set up. The barefaced and blason his arrival on the 10th September last phemous attitude of Guiteau, in his enafter experiencing a severe typhoon in the deavours to show that the Deity "removed" China Sea, in which he says "Passed at Garfield through his (the prisoner's) in-Sabatan Island, the British ship Tubal Cain, from Singapore bound to San Francisco." tion contends it does. Apart from It is much to be feared that the name of the tragic and national surroundings this vessel must be included in the list of of the trial, the conflict for it is more than usual proportions.

An Inquest was held at the Government bility of Guiteau will be probably of far Civil Hospital this afternoon before the greater importance than the result itself. Coroner, H. E. Wodehouse, Esq., and the So far as the prisoner's life is concerned, it following gentlemen as a jury: Messrs L. F. can now be productive of but little pleasure A. Collago, W. A. F. Schmidt, and J. T. or satisfaction to himself or to any one else. Chater, on the body of one Tam Asau. Indeed, it would be almost an unbearable Dr. Marques, Assistant Superintendent of existence, either in or out of a lunatio the Hospital, said that the body of the saylum. But that so unblushing an excuse deceased was brought in shortly after six for assassination should be put forward, and o'clock this morning. It was that of a should be seriously considered for over a Chinese male about twenty years of age. month by a Judge and Jury is almost unique A cord was round the neck which was deeply in the history of criminal procedure. As indented as if it had been tightly tied. The a new experience, it is almost worth while tongue was protruding, the pupils of the to wade through the record of the proceedeyes were dilated, and the countenance was ings. It was, however, beginning to get pale. There were no other marks on the hold of the public mind that the struggle body, and he was of opinion that death had was a hopeless one, and that the mummery resulted from strangulation. At this point and eccentricities of Guiteau would fail to the inquiry was adjourned till Wednesday have the desired effect. next, the 25th instant, at half-past two

THE annual distribution of prizes to the scholars at the Victoria School (Mr and Mrs Hanlon's) took place this afternoon. There was a large attendance of parents and friends of the pupils. His Excellency and Lady Hennessy, who were to have attended, were not present, and Father Burghignoli presented the prizes. The Rev. Father kong. It is known that Grant once resaid that as he was not prepared they need THE Agents (Messra Adamson, Bell Co.), expect few words from him. He had inform us that the S. S. Glamis Castle, for had many opportunities of noticing scholars, and their behaviour was very consin of the gallant Colonel. good. As to proficiency the report of Dr. Eitel would show that the school had turned out very well indeed, and he congratulated Mr and Mrs Hanlon on their success. He advised the pupils to continue Colonel Crawford, Royal Artillery, made | their studies, as by so doing they would profit more and more.

To those interested we would draw especial attention to the article reproduced on our declaration used in the Dutch Colonies. The saucer breaking and fowl-decapitating days do not seem to have altogether passed away in some of the Colonies in the Borneo Archipelago; and Mr de Groot gives excellent reasons why the crude forms of swear. ing on a cock's head and amashing a saucer should be altogether done away with, de Groot's argument will become all the

case in the Summary Court yesterday, Ho gions of China becomes better known. kwai v. Rose & Co., we printed the name Probably the notions of the class that fremuch, we think, to assume that no Chinaman knows anything whatever about God, even although he has not been Christianized. The ancient ideas of Heaven have not altogether died out; but as this contention, if good, only tends to strengthen the position taken up by the writer-referred to, his remarks upon the most appropriate and effective caths for Chinese witnesses become all the more convincing.

WE have to record a clever escape from the Magistracy this morning of a remanded prisoner while still in the custody of the police. Cheung Afoo, a coolie, we charged by Inspector Cameron yesterday, with the theft of a razor from the Whitfeild Barracks at Kowloon, and was remanded till this morning on account of the owner being THE dead body of a Chinese male child was employed on some special duty which prevented his attendance at Court. To-day, North Barracks this afternoon. It is that the prisoner was again placed in the dock, of an apparently newly-born babe, and the and a further remand applied for for the body seems to have been some time in the same reason as was adduced yesterday. water, as decomposition has set in, and it will This procrastination evidently did not suit be difficult at this stage to determine the the taste of the prisoner, and on being escorted to the waiting room attached to the ing being the probable cause, there is a Magistrate's Clerks' Office, where he was required to stay a few minutes while the necessary documents were being prepared to secure him a residence in Victoria Gaol until he should be again wanted, he quietly walked through the generally crowded and confused premises without the formality of even saying "chin chin" to his now anxious and disconsolate friends and custofloating raft carrying a cask with a flag dians. The escaped prisoner is a stranger to the members of the police force here, but has in this, his first appearance in Court, shown much aptitude for the profession he appears lately to have adopted. One police constable at least, we believe, is most anxious to renew his acquaintance with the missing Cheung Afoo.

THE report of the trial of Guiteau, the wretched assassin of President Garfield, must tend to raise the procedure of the American Courts in the estimation of all thinking men. While the circumstances of the assassination naturally led people to a display of lynch-law, the greatest pains seem now to be taken to give the murderer the benefit of a most unusual freedom of action in his own defence. It may be thought by some that the trial has resolved itself into one continuous scene of recrimination, and that it has been altogether a parody upon examination of the proceedings will show the consideration that a plea of insanity noon (24th August), 60 miles W.S.W. of strumentality, savours very strongly of "moral depravity." as * the prosecucasualties of 1881, which has swelled to to the credit of American procedure that the struggle is allowed to go on without let or hindrance—touching the criminal responsi-

THE Alexandria (Va.) Gazette contains the

following paragraph :--"Mr C. L. Mosby, who has been appointed a Vice-Consul in the Hongkong Consulate, will leave here to-night for San Francisco, and sail from thence on the 21st instant. He is quite a young man, but is said to be well fitted for his new position. In this connection it may be stated that there is a rumour affoat of the recall of Col. Mosby, to take a higher place under the Government than that of Consul to Hongcommended him for Asistant Attorney General, and it is said that, now that the Grant influence is powerful, that recom-

THE biscassar Handelsblad Poports the stranding on the 30th November last, of the German ship Walkyre, from New York to Hongkong, on a reef 12 English miles to the East of Binongko, an island near Buton, H. N. M. steamer Banjermassing left Marassar for the tang on 7th December to render assistance.

Mr Vice-Consul Monby is, we believe, a

Law Notice. IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

(Before the Hon, Francis Spouden Acting. Chief Justice. CRIMINAL JUBISHIOTION, Monday, 23rd Jan., 10.30 a.m.—Prisoners to come up for

PROBATE JURISDICTION, 11 4 m .- In the goods of Wo Man; deceased; petition of Wong Ping, the elder brother, for Letters of Administration.

Police Intelligence. (Before Frederick Stewart, Esq.) Saturday, Jan. 21.

Cheong Yak Fong and Tsung Yang Kiu, doctors, were charged with being concerned, with others not in custody in robbing Chow Young Chan of 8205 on the 9th instant.

mand from the 17th inst. The complainant stated on that date that he had been a goldminer in Portland for 25 years and had returned from San Francisco on the 7th inst. He took up his abode at the I-wai-ku ing \$5 from Fan U. Lodging house on the Prays. He handed arrival he met the second defendant, who was apprehended before getting off. sometime. At that time the second defend- being cautioned, he was committed for trial ant, after enquiring where he came from, at the Criminal Sessions of the Supreme said he belonged to a village close to the Court. complainant's and they agreed to go home together by the Canton steamer. On the 11th instant he packed up his traps, and along with the second defendant proceeded to go to the steamer, but on the way he was enticed to go to a brothel by him. A man whom the second defendant knew asked some money from complainant, but being refused they seized him, along with some others, and abstracted his gold from his pocket, where it was concealed. He then returned to the Lodging house and afterwards reported the matter.

Tung Chung Man, the master of tho Lodging house, stated that the complainant had given him a bag to keep, said to contain some gold coins, but after living 4 days with him, complainant received the bag and other property as he said he was going to -live with a clansman of his. Complainant did not mention to him his intention of going to Canton. Three or four days, after he had left witness's house he came backand said some men had cheated him. He said nothing about gambling nor of his having been enticed into a brothel and robbed. Judging by the weight of the bag, witness imagined there would be about \$200 worth

A constable gave evidence as to apprehonding the second defendant in his own home in Po-yan Street; and the first in Hollywood Road. Both were pointed out to him by the complainant as being concerned in the robbery. He heard some of the crowd, who were at the door say, "They have promised to give him back \$80," but he could not say who "They referred to. He knew the second defendant to be the first defendant's apprentice, and they both practised in the Recreation Grounds. Tsui Yat Ko, a dentist, residing in the

same house as the two defendants, said he heard complainant accusing them of stealing-The case was again remanded till Monday, 23rd January. 4.

STEALING A COVERLET. Au Afat was charged, on remand, with stealing a coverlet from Ohung Aheung, a l coolie, residing in 56 Third Street, Sai-

(Before H. E. Wodchouse, Esc.)

ROGUES AND VAGABOND.

with being rogues and vagabonds, and the able that to Shanghai and its immediate was remanded. To-day the case was re- with the Bradford affair, for which Toby was States, at the principal centre of foreign first also with being in possession of house- district a large portion of the skilled labour suince before Chen and Mr W. R. Carles, arrested. The papers found at the time im- intercourse with the country. Selectingbreaking implements. Early this morning of the province may be drawn if Silk reeling and after an inquiry, conducted en behalf plicate a number of persons on both sides of Shanghai, in China, for instance, the apthey were observed by a constable in Bird here becomes well established. The yearly of the police by Inspector Stripling, 34 of the Channel. There is no doubt that the pointment of an American Judge there; Street conducting themselves in a suspicious out-turn is expected to be 300 bales of the delinquents were fined in sums varying material is associated with the Fenians. manner, and on being brought to the station | recled or spun silk. Another factory which | from \$5 to \$25, the aggregate amounting were searched and some burglarious in- is said to be of a similar size is in course to over \$500. The remaining five not being Crosby, near Hill of Dowen, County Meath, the United States and holding office for struments found on them. Two previous of erection in the same district for a Chinese able to produce the money, or obtain surety was maliciously burned to the ground last life or during good, behavior; a provision convictions were admitted by the first de- who has for some time carried on silk-reel- for the same, were each sentenced to one night. The occupants were askep at the for choosing grand juries to present indictfendant, and one by the second.

months' imprisonment with hard labour.

ALLEGED KIDNAPPING In the above case in which Wong Asu and four others were charged with detaining Chan Akam, aged 12 years, and in which evidence was being heard last night when we went to press, Chan Akam made further statement to the effect that it was not her uncle who conveyed her away from her native village, Ho Young, but a man whom she did not know. Her father and mother had died when she was five years old. The man had taken her straight from the Canton steamer to the house of the

Mr Mossop asked for the acquittal of the first prisoner, as he said there was no evidence to show that she was guilty of forcibly. detaining the girl. The girl herself had stated that she was only to be with her for a short time, and that she had been treated kindly during that time, and wished to re-The girl had also stated that she went to his client's house as a servant, and the evidence of the policeman showed that the first defendant had had the girl recommended to her and not sold.

The case was again remanded till Monday. the 23rd January. Bail for all prisoners alike in the sum of two hundred dollars. with two sureties of one hundred dollars

THE RESULT OF JEALOUSY. Joseph Jaseson, an unemployed seaman belonging to Manila, was charged with assaulting Feleshend de Jesus, and also with using threatening language towards her. Feleshand de Jesus said she was a widow. living in Bridges Street. Defendant lived with her, and she was under his protection. some distance from Te-chou in Shantung friend, which he granted. She went to visit here in our interior residence than if it a man named Antonio Delio and his wife. were an electric rainbow, operated from the who live in a lane off Bridge Street. After clouds. There is no office that I know of being there about two hours defendant came between this and Ts-ched, or anywhere wait. Shortly afterwards he returned with doubtless be a different affair."

dragged her into the street. He also did arrived in Hankow on the 16th day of the considerable damege to her clothes. The present moon, where he embarked for man Antonio drew the defendant saids, Haiang-yin Haien, which is his native who then drew a knife and threatened her place. He intends to make but a short with it. Antonio Delio, an unemployed seaman, new Viceroyalty before the turn of the

residing in No. 22, Bridges Street, said that Chinese year. the last witness came to visit his wife. It is every day becoming more apparent After she had been in the house some time | that the time is approaching when Shang. he heard a noise outside and on going out, hai must extend on the Poutung side of the steamers, this new venture being only a side found the defendant dragging the last river. The available wharfage accommodawitness about. He separated them, and tion on this side is limited in extent and noticed that the defendant had a knife in | will soon prove insufficient for the rapidly his hand, which he took from him.

The defendant said that though he granted permission for the complainant to go She remained some time away, and he then a man offering the woman a sum of money. natural that they should have the first claim Testal and Tantal, who remained at the A despatch from Oran states that 160 nois witnesses upon the stand showed that that fears were entertained that misfortune

His Worship said that he would not have lities on the Pootung side, and it would got under sufficiently to remove all appreconsidered the matter very serious if prisoner seem that they have only to be improved hension as to the safety of the neighbouring had not been in possession of the knife; but and extended to come into favour again. tenements. The Imperial numbers Chow as he apparently had the knife with the The extensive Docks, the Tannery, and On left here yesterday morning, anchoring special says: An agitation among laborers deliberate purpose of using it if necessary, other useful undertakings already establish- at Chinhas in the afternoon, for the purpose in Ireland is now impending. They have he would fine him two dollars, in default ed there, point to the conclusion that of embarking troops for Wenchow. At derived no benefit thus far from the Land seven days imprisonment with hard labour, Pootung may become the Industrial and 8 o'clock this morning the residents of this Act, and think that if 25 per cent. of the and bind him over to keep the peace for manufacturing portion of the great centre settlement were startled by hearing a salute, landlords' property is to be given away. dollars each, in default to be committed.

SNATCHING Ip Asz, a coolie, was charged with snatch-

The defendant snatched the note from over his property to the master of the the complainent, who is a money changer, house to take care of. On the day of his in a house in Queen's Road Central, but to have been a domestic servant, was walkaccouted him and offered to get a person to Four previous convictions were proved cure a sore eye, which had been bad for against the defendant for larceny, and, after

> UNLAWFUUL POSSESSION. Chun Cheung Shing, marine hawker, wa convicted of being in unlawful possession about 8 lbs. of copper nails, at Yau-ma Ti, on the 20th inst. He was fined ten dollars, in default six weeks' imprisonment

Wong Chan was convicted of the larceny of \$12 from Lou Achi, money changer, on the 19th inst. He was sentenced to six months' imprisonment with hard labour.

with hard labour.

LARGENY ON BOARD THE "DEUCALION." Fong Ping Chun and three others were again brought up charged with the larceny of \$320 from Lui Apat, painter.

Further evidence was taken to day in connection with this robbery, when the supercarge of the ship said that he was present shortly after the robbery, and saw complainant search and find money on each of the prisoners. While being searched each prisoner averred that the money belonged to them. The case was remanded til Thursday next.

DRUGGING AN INTENDED VICTIM. Chun Achoi and Chun Ayuk were again Fung Hing, with intent to kidnap.

In this case the complainant was examined by Mr Mossop and made a statement Prison, 73. similar to her previous one. She also denied ever having a promissory note made the first defendant. She denied ever being | 36; Adam Lind, 24; A. R. Burkill, 21. in Shanghai, and detailed her movements among several brothels during the past few years; but she could not say whether her name had appeared on the lists of the various houses. The case was remanded till-Monday next.

China.

(N. C.-D. News.) We have been informed that the newly built and furnished Silk flature on the ying-pun. Complainant, while asleep on north side of the Soochow creek, belonging the 13th January, was awakened by feeling to the association represented by Messra. his coverlet being taken away. The de- Iveson & Co., has commenced working. fendant had entered the house quietly and Our readers are perhaps aware that much with the aid of a bamboo with a hook on secresy has always been maintained here the end, had drawn the coverlet to him about these establishments, and it is therefrom the top of the stairs. He ran off with | fore possible that the information we have it, but was arrested before getting any dis- been able to procure may to a slight extent any at home, although no time was lost in be inaccurate. The new filature is said to trying to find one. On Sunday Dr Hen-The Receiving officer of the Gaol proved. resemble in every essential particular that six previous conviction against the defend- which has been carried on for some time | the fractured bone placed right. The man past by Messrs. Russell & Co. It has two is still suffering from severe pain. . Defendant having been cautioned, re- | hundred bassines in which the cocoons will be | served his defence, and was committed for | treated and each bussine will give employment | men most do congregate, there will surely trial at the Criminal Sessions of the Supreme to one woman. A European manager or be found gambling. Our readers will resuperintendent has charge of the whole collect the case which we reported a few works, and under him is a staff of duly days ago, that a raid had been made on a qualified foremen and fore-women, the gambling den in the Tsingpoo Road, and Chun Ateun and Lo Asing were charged ments to their women, and it is not improb- trate Chen, and the foreign Assessor, and discovery is believed to be closely connected stitution of a branch Court of the United They were each sentenced to three and Co. are also making extensive additions that the Magistrate apportioned the fines to their filature on the Creek, and judging as follows :- \$40 to the police who made a mason employed by Magistrate Galbraith from what can be seen from the outside of the capture—not a very large sum to be at Cappard, and two persons have been arthe premises we should say that the exten- divided between four foreign police officers rested in connection with the affair. sion will more than double the works and and ten native constables .- \$200 to the their out-turn; but we are unable to give | Sinza Refuge, \$100 to the Chinese Hospital, more than this slight estimate, as a most | and the remainder to the various native forbidding intimation over the door-way to medicine shops scattered over Shanghai, the premises prevented our seeking an en- which are supported entirely by voluntary trance. In addition to these new filatures we hear that it is contemplated to establish others, either in time to commence operations with next silk season, or as soon as it has been satisfactorily proved that sufficient supply of cocoons can be obtained. We hope that no difficulty will be found to exist either in the disposition of the country people to sell their cocoons to the Agents of the foreigners, or in the Silk dealers here, whose opposition to the working of the filatures which Mr Major erected for Mesars. Jardine, Matheson & Co. many years since caused them to be closed. good many things have changed since then; and we should hope that the new spirit of enterprize which the Chinese have been developing in recent times may lead them

> of their country. The proprietors of the filatures are no doubt prepared for opposition from the Chinese middlemen, and the inevitable Guild may be expected to foster combinations against them; but we should hope that the authorities would, if necessary, prove themselves powerful enough to cope with and frustrate them. In Canton, where the first filature was started ten years ago, there are now ten, with a total popularity of the Force." of twenty-four hundred bassines, which produce twelve hundred bales, or nearly a thousand piculs, annually. - A Correspondent writes from a village "The telegraph-line is of no more use to us

to welcome in a generous spirit what is

certain to prove advantageous to the trade

and asked her to leave, but she told him to near us to the South. A railway would a stick, entered the house and seized and The Shin-pao says that Tso Tsung-t'ang became fashionable here some centuries ago. stay at home, and will probably take up his

unfrequently notice that steamers are days

increasing commerce of the port. We not waiting an opportunity to discharge at the wharves. The coast lines of steamers are City of Ningpo, by which about 10 large Roustan, expressing the hope that he will special says that the testimony of the lead- Arctic explorations, caused an extraordinary likewise increasing, and as they usually both | buildings were testroyed. The East Gate resume his functions as French Minister at | ing people of Freeport has completely upset exploring party to be sent out to hunt discharge and load their cargoes, it is but was opened to admit their excellencies the Tunis.

king is likely seriously to interfere with chow. - Courier Correspondent.

for a very long time to come A very shocking attempt at naurder, we notice by the Shere-pao, was made in Shanghai city last week. A woman, who seems ing in a narrow street inside the principal East Gate at ten o'clock in the morning, when a man suddenly stepped up, and addressed her. It is not known what he said; but the next moment he drew a knife, and plunged it into the unfortunate woman three times, wounding her in the abdomen, the back, and the thigh. The poor creature's cries for help soon brought a number of people to her rescue, who eventually moved her to a douter's house, where her intention of delivering himself up to the gress to discover that the model democratic to continue to cultivate the land, supplying and in a play. For instance, a man in a magistrate; the people naturally did not interfere with his carrying out so laudable for treaty obligations, as could be displayed Dec. 19.—The Herald's cable special from into a bar-room and act the drunken man an intention, and off he went without los- by the most corrupt of the old world mo- St. Petersburg says: On Wednesday the so offensively and so effectually, that he ing any time. Arrived at the Che-haien's narchies. But those who disbelieve in police made a descent on a house in Makawai would be hustled out by the proprietor. in the neighbourhood of Soochow by a man Panama, as any other nation, would act in vigorous resistance. The police seized a press the audience at all. Thus it is with called Tsni Kuci-lin, and that there was not her place. Where Blaine is wrong, is in large quantity of small bombs, some of Guiteau." any doubt she had been unfaithful to him. his assumption that the United States are which were skilfully concealed in oranges. measures for the arrest of the correspondent, which the magistrate promised he would do;

and the case is in abeyance pending the appearance of all the parties concerned. The result of the ballot for the election of Municipal Councillors for the Settlement North of the Yang-king-pang is as fol-

Successful candidates: — David Brand. 141: Chas. J. Holliday, 132; R. Mackenbrought up, charged with drugging Wong | zie, 126; W. C. Ward, 103; R. A. Gubbay, 91; J. Roustan, 80; W. H. Dalgleish. 79; Archd. J. Little, 79; James G. Mor- Dillon and Father Sheehy.

Unsuccessful: -Wm. Howie, 69: Henry Lester. 68 Robert Francis. 53: C. M. out, in which she promised to pay \$200 to Dyce, 52; Wm. Birt, 51; Joseph Welch, (Courier.)

A sad accident occurred on Saturday last

at about four o'clock in the afternoon. The unfortunate victim was a foreigner employed in "The Travellers," Broadway. annears that this man came out to his jinrickshaw, and was passing in front of Mr E. Stone's auction room, when a carriage ran over him, the result being that he was badly hurt and the shoulder bone fractured. We learn that the gentleman who was driving the carriage at the time of the accident was Mr C. Duncan of the firm of Messrs. Piatkoff, Molchanoff & Co., of Foochow. The gentleman in question-did not drive away, as is the case sometimes; but went to the assistance of the man at once, States. took him into his carriage, and drove immediately to a medical man. Unfortunately the hour was not a suitable one to find derson called at the man's house and had

It is an acknowledged fact, where Chinacontributions. This will dissipate the prevailing idea that the Mixed Court Magistrate pockets the greater portion of the fines levied at the Maloo Court.

(Mercury.) The following general order has been issued by the Commanding Officer of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps :- "The Commanding Officer must express grave surprise at a letter that appeared in the Mercury of the 12th instant, and he deems it desirable to point out to the members of the S. V. C. that any communication to the newspaper by any one on the roll of the Corps, commenting upon the management of the Force, is a very serious breach of discipline. For anything of the nature of a complaint there are always the regular official channels through which it can be forwarded, and which are indeed the only means by which immediate investigation and redress can be obtained. The Commanding Officer will always be only too pleased and gratified to receive any suggestion, either personally or by letter, from any member of the S.R.V who has anything to recommend concerning the management of the combined services, likely to tend to the increased efficiency or

Another indication of progress in China and that in the most important of all kinds of progress which can affect her, namely mouncement made in to-day's Shun-pao that a steamer is to be run between Shanghai and Soochow for passenger traffic. This is the first attempt we believe to establish regular steam communication between this and the important commercial city of Socchow, the traffic hitherto being carried on in sailing vessels built on models which The new steamer, - which is appropriately name Hén-tsoo, or a pioneer vessel, -made a trial trip yesterday, and was announced to leave this afternoon on her first voyage to Socchow. Passengers are booked at through rates for a dollar a head, and every one must bring his own blankets with him; but he is not allowed to take a cargo of boxes, as is the rule on the Yangtaze

Jentiary 16th Another life occurred about I p'clock this morning in about the centre of the

themselves considerably of the landing faci- exertions of the native firemen the fire was their perilous position.

NEWS BY THE AMERICAN MAIL

We take the following telegrams from our American files brought on by the S. S.

ENGLISH TELEGRAMS. what he had done that he announced his to the believers in the new evangel of pro- landlords, whose tenants have been evicted, thing is advertised as artificial on the stage Republic can exhibit as cynical a disregard both laborers and funds. vamon, he informed that official that his international understandings will admit street, behind General Ignatical residence; but he might do the same act with double wife had been enticed away from their home that America is only acting in regard to and arrested eight persons, who offered a the realistic force on the stage and not im-Suez. On the contrary, England is content cently arrived from London, blaming the Government intends to prove in the place lane, had been unable to restrain his indig- to leave the highway to her Eastern Empire | Nihilists for their inactivity. The letter is of what the defence have tried to make out enemies to-morrow.

> trial, says it is not too much to say that officer's uniforms, with Crosses of the Order was beginning to realize how tight the such proceedings are a public scandal. United Ireland have been seized in Cork. Two arrests were made under the Coercion Act a proposition of Pobedonostzuff, the Pre- that he is struggling under the dread of a to-day. Several hundred tenant farmers sident of the Sacred Synod, the Private terrible fear. The very atmosphere in the ploughed Parnell's farm at Avondale, Wick- and Secret Council is about to be re-establi- Court-room now savors of conviction, and on. On separating they cheered Parnell, was created in the time of Emperor Paul, situation.

the ploughing of Parnell's land. An effigy, stitution. supposed to be of Gladstone and Inbeled "The Last Landlord," was paraded over the grounds. Corbett and Redmond, members of Parliament, subsequently delivered addresses. There were 3000 people present. The police entered the office of the United Ireland to-day and arrested Burton, clerk, and O'Keefe, editor, and seized and The Land Commissioners in hearing ap-

peals will only consider questions of legal interpretation, not valuation. Dillon has been indirectly informed that he could at once obtain liberation by promising to leave Ireland. He refused to give the pledge. The home Rulers in Paris speak of putting forward O'Donovan, the new correspondent of the Daily News, as a candidate for Parliament. It is stated that he will be asked, to go on a lecturing tour through the United

Dec. 18.—A quantity of arms and ammu-

a house in Brabagan Street, and four persons were arrested. The articles seized comprise eight hands grenades, two parcels of dynamite, each parcel being in a case resembling a box of rifle cartridges, but large er; twenty-six Enfield breech-loading rifles, of the entire conformity of the procedure six revolvers, five thousand rifle cartridges, to the Constitution and the duties of Confive hundred revolver cartridges and twenty- sular officers as a rule to discharge judicial eight pounds gunpowder, with a list of the functions. It is considered, in conclusion names of the officers belonging to some or that the needs of the Consular service deganization. Two brothers named Whelan | mand men of business capacity, alive to the and a man named Ryan were arrested. The interests of trade, rather than trained latter, at least, being Chinese. The poorer | that about 40 Chinese were captured by the | Whelanskept amarinestore. The documents | jurists. Passing to the consideration of people will derive great benefit from the Municipal Polico, foreign and native. The seized were of old date, and had reference the Reformed Code for the extra-territorial employment furnished by these establish case was taken before the Chinese Magis- to the Fenian organization of 1867. The Dec. 18.—The Constabulary Barracks at Judges in the Federal District Courts of ing in the Kiangse Road. Messis. Russell month's imprisonment. We understand time of the fire and barely escaped with their lives. Shots were fired into the house of

> CONTINENTAL TELEGRAMS. Paris. Dec. 15 .- A strike has occurred among the miners in the Grand Combe coal-pits, and disturbances have taken place. The troops have been confined to the barracks.

The Senate has adopted the resolution for the creation of the new Ministers. The German Embassy gave a banquet to Gambetta this evening.

The Prefect of Police, in view of the Vienna catastrophe, has instructed the rectors of the Paris theatres to take precautions against the outbreak of fire and to provide adequate means of exit.

In the Rochefort trial to-day the public prosecutor in his address to the Court asked that a verdict of guilty be returned. The verdict rendered was not guilty. Roustan pays the costs of the trial. The verdict is creating an immense sensation on the Bonlevards. The political bearing of the case had an effect on public opinion which unquestionably influenced the jury and the verdict passes, by implication, as a strong censure upon Barthelemy St. Hilaire and Waddington.

firm conviction at the Palace that an offensive and defensive alliance will shortly be concluded with Germany, that State having England once possessed.

Madrid, Dec. 15 .- A sentry while guard ing the prison at Malaga noticed an Englishman walking around the walls and internal communication, is found in the challenged him five times. The latter, not understanding the challenge, remained ailent, whereupon the sentry shot him dead, The military authorities are investigating the case.

Dec. 18.-A despatch from Santander says the excitement caused by the excomis increasing. Several clergymen, not wishing to excite the populace, have refused to read the Bishop's mandate from their pulpits. The Prefect has telegraphed Government that no disturbance is feared. Berlin, Dec. 18.-A report is current here that another mine association plot has

been arrested on suspicion of complicity in Vienua Dec. 18 -The correct list of the victims of the Ring Theatre fire has been issued by the police. It gives the total

have been legally identified. Tunis, Dec. 18 - The Jewish Colony here have sent an atidress of symbathy to

he then hauled her away but did not hurt | The large steamer Companies used to avail About 3 s.m., through the indefatigable by the recent flood, have been rescued from

MISCELLANEOUS.

New York. Dec. 18 .- A London cable This case was again brought up on re- six weeks, in two sureties of twenty-five of trade that Shanghai seems destined to be of heavy guns fired in honour of the em- they have a fair right to some of it. It in future years, and which it now seems barkation of H. E. the Teetai on board the is now evident that the imprisonment of

> of St. George. The crosses would have halter is being drawn about his neck. Dublin, Dec. 15.—Many copies of the given them access to the Palace of Gatchina his utterances yesterday he had the appearon 9th inst., the fete day of the saint. On | ance of desperation, and there is no doubt and search is now being made among the H. George, an American, was present at archives for elements to serve as a re-

Dec. 19 .- On the subject of "What are we to do with the Mormons," the World savs: If it were clear that by making a National matter of the attempt to crush out polygamy, we should succeed in crushing it out, it would still be the part of wise men well to weigh the cost against the profit of such an undertaking, before entering upon quietly removed all the papers in the office. it; and when this has been done, it will still remain to be ascertained whether by driving the Mormons out of Utah we shall put an end to the polygamy of the Mormons, which, as all recent travellers testify, has for some years past been dying out of itself or give the institution a new lease of life in some other region and under another flag.

Washington, Dec. 20.—The report of the Secretary of State on the necessity of in troducing modifications into the extra territorial jurisdictional-system of the United States in China, Japan and Eastern coun tries, where Consular Courts are allowed nition were discovered early this morning in by treaties, is a long document. The Secretary deals with the subject comprehensively, without denying the constitutionality of the judicial acts of our Ministers and Consuls as the law now stands, and shows there is ample room for the question with functions analogous to those of the ments, and ordinary juries to try the cases and the appointment of a clerk, thus making the Court one of Records; the nomination of Assistant Justices in the larger commercial cities, with powers and functions precisely defined by law; the promulgation of an intelligent code; the holding of ful terms at the seat of the principal Court,

and lastly, appeliate recourse to the Circuit Court in the United States. Since the resent law was framed, seven capital convictions have occurred, all in China and Japan, and only one case of execution of sentence followed conviction. The case of John D. Buckley, who was hanged at Shanghai in 1864, after the denial by Minister Burlingame, of the privilege of appeal to executive clemency. Another case mentioned is that of Dinkelle, convicted of murder by the Consular Court at Hiogo, and pardoned by the President on condition of undergoing a life imprisonment, but who has refused to accept such conditional commutation, and is now held in prison under an indefinite postponement of the execution of the death sentence. The recent well-known case of Mirzan at Alexander is also referred to.

GUITEAU'S TRIAL.

The trial of Guiteau still proceeds, and the American papers still serve up all the tid Constantinople, Dec. 15.—There is now a bids to the sensation-loving public. Not day passes without its scene and the miserable coward continues to exhibit his the commanding political influence that feigned insanity in the most disgusting manner. The work of the Court would proceed a great deal more smoothly if they were to gag him. According to the Washington correspondent of the Times, the testimony of the witnesses from Freeport | board Captain De Long, Dr. Ambler and has completely upset the insanity theory. and the same correspondent is of opinion that conviction is certain. The prisoner is - [Signed] - F. F. FRELIMGHUYEEN, Secremunication of three Liberal journalists apparently begun to be of the same opinion, and his ravings have now the wildness following was transmitted to-day of desperation. He has had every opportunity of conducting his case in the manner Tender the thanks of the President to best suited to his interests, and has had a all the authorities, or persons, who have latitude of speech and action allowed to him in any way been instrumental in assisting been discovered at the Russian Imperial which probably would not have been per-Pelace at Gatchina, and several officers have mitted in any other country in the world | Government [Signett,] Frelinghuysen, | (Taken at Mesors Falconer & Co.'s Premises, he cannot therefore complain of having been unfairly dealt with, nor, if condenined, can he say that he has been condemned without just issued a proclamation announcing that number of victims as 794, of whom 144 a fair trial. We extract the following items in regard to the case :--Chicago, Dec. 8.—The Times Washington has taken for a long time, great interest in

Guiteau's theory of insanity. All the Illi- tracks of the Jeannette when he learned He saked her to leave, but the refused and on the Wharf Company's consideration. scene until the fire was completely subdued, persons who were driven from their homes insanity in Guiteau's family had not been had overtaken her, and that relief expedi-

most perfect state of sobriety could stagger

Dec. 9.—The Times' Washington tele-He had arrived in Shanghai in search of doing in Panama what England has done in Among the papers seized was a letter, regram says: Devilish depravity is what the nation. He prayed His Worship to take at the mercy of foreign powers, who are attributed to Prince Krapotkine. This affair in the Guiteau case. There never has been her friends to-day, but who may be her seems to have relation to that which provoked a time during the trial when Guiteau has the arrest of several other persons some days | made himself, so, thoroughly obnoxious as The Observer, referring to the Guiteau ago. These persons had ordered two yesterday. It appears as if the prisoner low county, and performed other work there- shed. This species of Court of Inquisition | Guiteau is sane enough to appreciate the

NEWS OF THE JEANNETTE.

St. Petersburg. Dec. 20. Lieutenant General Avoutchine, Governor-General of Mail of Monday, Jan. 23, says :-Eastern Siberia, who has just arrived here. brought news that the steamer of the North American Polar Expedition, which has been | business transacted has been exceedingly gone since 1879, has been discovered and limited, and the demand for tonnage both assistance rendered the crew.

News was received by the Government of Yakutsk, Eastern Siberia, that on the 14th the Philippines to Europe, but the rates at of September three natives of Oulonso, near Cape Bouteray, 140 versts north of Cape Bakoff, discovered a boat containing eleven | London or Continent no settlements are men, who stated that they belonged to the reported, though one or two suitable vessels Jeannette and had undergone terrible suffer- might find employment, present quotations ing. On hearing the news, the District being about £2 per ton of 50 cubic feet. Deputy Governor, with a doctor and medicines, was immediately despatched to help ing for steamers from the Southern Rice the shipwrecked sailors, and was instructed | ports, and owing to the proximity of the to bring them to Yakutsk. The Governor New Year's festivities, natives are not was also instructed to do everything in his | inclined to do business except at extremely power to recover the remainder of the crew, low figures. For the Northern Ports small 500 roubles being given him to defray his sailing vessels are enquired for, but shipexpenses. Engineer Melville has telegraphed the American Legation at St. than are offered at present. Petersburg and all of the information received has been forwarded by Hoffman in charge of the Legation to the Secretary of State at Washington.

A special supplement of the Official Gazette, issued this evening announces that all of the telegrams from Engineer Melville of the lost Arctic Exploring steamer Jeannette were forwarded to their destination as promptly as possible, and that the most gister. the Jeannette and those left on the ice at land), under charter effected elsewhere. the mouth of the Lena River.

Engineer Melville forwarded by natives Philippines under charters effected at long despatches to Mr Bennett of the home:-New York Herald. For want of funds they have been forwarded by post, addressed to General Ignatiff, October 29th States. Nindeman and Noras, seamen, who were in boat No. 1, joined their contrades and stated that Lieut. De Long, Dr Ambler and 12 others had reached the northern mouth of the Lena and were starving. An oxpedition was at once sent out to rescue them. The survivors lost everything. Engineer Melville says money is urgently needed and should be sent by telegraph to Yakutek. He has urgently requested that the Governor of Yakutak for the relief and steamers not included. care of the shipwrecked men.

London, Dec. 20.-A telegram from St. Peterburg says it is believed in that city that the information brought by the Governor of Eastern Siberia of the discovery of a steamer in the Arctic refers to the Jeannette. The despatch adds that the crew have suffered no loss.

The finding of the Arctic exploring steamer Jeannette was reported to the meeting of the Royal Geographical Society to-day. The Times understands that the British Foreign Office has telegraphed to St. Peterburg for a confirmation of the news and further details regarding the Jeannette ... The News, in a leading article, says: "I

any spur were needed to hasten the expedition to help Leigh Smith it is provided in the news about the Jeannette. That the sympathy with such ventures is widespread and deep is proved by the heartfelt relief experienced at the news that the major part of the crew of the Jeannette are alive. The Post says: "In every quarter of the globe the news that the brave sailors have

reached a port of refuge will be received with heart-felt satisfaction. --- Washington Dec. 20. -- The following is a telegram which has just been received from Hoffman, Charge d'Affaires of the United States at St. Petersburg: "The Jeannette was crushed in the ice on June 11th, in latitude 77 north, and longitude 157 east. The crewembarked in three boats, which were separated by wind and fog. No. 3 boat, with eleven men, under charge of Engineer Melville, reached the mouth of the Lena River on September 19th; boat No. 1 having on twelve men, reached the Lena River in a pitiable condition. Prompt assistance was rendered. No. 2 has not been heard from tary Department of State. In response to Hoffmann's despatch, the

the unfortunate survivers from the Venn. nette, on in furnishing information to this Sec'y of State. Canado, Dec. 29.—A special from London says !- The Governor of Siberia has BAROMETER- 9 A.M. 30.296 the Arctic voyage ship Jeannette is safe, with all on board well, and with all her equipments intact. The Governor, who

Department of State, Washington, Dec.

20 .- Hoffmann, Charge, St. Petersburg :-

heard of until after the assassination and tions were being organized in her interests that the whole theory was manufactured by the different Governments. Knowing for the protection of the miserable assessin. I the delays incidental to such Government There were quite a number of prominent action, he at once equipped and sent out, people in the Court-room yesterday, among on his own account, a party of the most exthem being General Sherman, John Russell perienced and reliable explorers at his Young, J. W. Mackay, Senator Fair, Rev. | command. With the most ample powers T. De Witt Talmage, and several actors, and the most positive instructions, these The latter made a special study of Guiteau men at once entered into the undertaking and their theory about him is rather in- with all their souls and stuck to their work, despite the most dangerous obstacles until Mr Harris, leading man of Mary Ander- they found tracks of the lost ship and improbable that either Woosung or Chin- Nyming Kai, bound to Charpoo and Hang- Parnell and his follow suspects is absolutely son's Company, who has been on the stage finally overtook her (sic). The people useless. They and their friends will make for the last thirty years, this evening said : aboard the Jennette were much astonished a pressing demand for their liberation be. Guiteau is not insune, but is a very good when they were informed by the Siberian fore the meeting of Parliament. The Go. actor. To be sure, he had the advantage explorers that they had become objects of vernment has increased its difficulties and of realistic surroundings, and is noting for the solicitude of all the civilized nations of greatly shaken its strength in the House by his life, but still he deserves credit for his the world, and that nearly all Christian its policy of apathy. At the coming session | cleverness. He has not perhaps brains | Governments were preparing to make apit may incur a loss of strength that will enough to be insane, but certainly sufficient | propriations to fit out vessels looking to a peril its existence. There are two im- to be a very dangerous accentric. One general search for what it was generally portant incidents this week connected with strong evidence against the idea of insanity | feared would prove to be only their remains. Ireland, the suppression of the Land League is the fact that he grows weary at times After accertaining that the Jeannette was organ, which English opinion approves, and and rests himself, just as a man acting on absolutely safe and all on board well and London, Dec. 18 .- The Observer, com- the formation of the Lord Mayor's Com- on the stage. Now, fatigue is something fully provided for the Siberians hastened menting on Blaine's despatch to Lowell mittee. The latter, thus far, is more unknown to an insane man. The brain of back to report the good news in regard to touching the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty, says: - strongly supported by great noblemen than an insane man is never wearied. This which the Governor had impressed upon Blaine's argument amounts, to the simple by merchants, but the organization is still fellow Guiteau nurses himself up to his them that the whole scientific world was andeclaration that the Union intends to assert incomplete. The public are somewhat acting point either by pretending to write xiously waiting. The Governor at once desits supremacy on the Continent of America, puzzled as to the real object of the fund. or hiding himself behind the newspapers he patched special couriers with the news to have wounds were dressed. The assailant pro- regardless of the treaty rights of the claims A leading member states that the money pretends to read. It is much easier to act it get to London with all possible speed, and fessed to be so overcome with remorse at of rival powers. It must be disheartening subscribed will be devoted to enabling the where everything is real, than where every it reached London but a few minutes ago.

Commercial

January 21st. A fair business has been done in Patna Opium since last report, but the rate for he drug has weakened during the latter part of the fortnight. For Benares a very restricted demand has been experienced for local requirements; but the call for the drug from Coast ports has, so far, supported. the rate for it. The present quotations as given at \$6171 to \$620 for Patna, and \$618\ to \$620 for Benares.

The receipts for the month, so far, stand it 4.320 chests against 3.390 chests to the corresponding date last year. During the interval some 600 chests have been taken by the local consumers, against 250 chests at the corresponding interval last year, when a higher lekin duty it was reported would be imposed, on account of which business was quite restricted. The present available supply is computed at 1,500 chests, against 2,250 chests at the corresponding period last year. Of this last quantity 450 chests were Benar B of which the pre-ent stock comprises 500 chests.

Mr. R. Stell's Freight Circular for the The Freight market has continued in the same dull state as last reported; the homewards and coastwise is very slack. Homewards, some inquiry exists from present offered are not sufficiently high to admit of their being accepted. Hence to

Coastwise, there is hardly anything offermasters are holding out for higher rates

The following vessels will proceed to the Burmah ports under orders from home : The Russian ship Altai, 1,024 tons re-

The German ship Melpomene, 1,029 tons The German ship Dorothes, 1,019 tons

The German ship Rajah, 1,258 tons reenergetic measures will be taken for the The American ship W. J. Rotch, 1,717, discovery of the remainder of the crew of tons proceeds to Victoria (Vancouver's Is-The following vessels will proceed to the

> The German ship Wilhelm, 1.350 tons to load either for Europe or the United The German ship Marie, 1,218 tons to load either for Europe or the United States. The German ship Andromedo, 1,871 tons

> to load either for Europe or the United The American barque Tillie Baker, 719 tons, to load for Boston or New York. The American ship Belle Morse, 1,307 tons, to load for Boston or New York.

The disongaged tonnage in port amounts 6000 roubles be transmitted immediately to to 12 vessels, registering 8,262 tons. The following are the settlements:-

American barque Alden Besse, 842, to Portland (Oregon), Private. American ship Red Cross, 1,301, to San Francisco, Private. German barque Ferdinand, 416, to Touron, \$1,400 in full, 18 lay days.

French barque Esperance, 272, to Quinhon and back, \$1,950 in full, 30 lay days, British barque Irazu, 327, to Bangkok and back, \$2,800 in full French barque Charite, 255, to Chefoo and back, \$2,400 in full, 28 lay days. German barque Hermine, 350, Takao to Yokohama, 35 cents per picul.

Norwegian barque Henrick Ipsen, 274, Monthly Charter, 10 to 12 months, \$880 per month. Danish steamer Norden, 778, to Saigon and back, 84,400 in full, Danish steamer Volmar, 927, to Singapore and Penang (re-charter), \$4,800 in full.

Quotations. Hongkong. January 21. OPIUM—New Patna, cash, ... 86171 New Benares, cash,... 6174 New Malwa, credit.... 660 Allowance, Taels..... 16 Old Malwa, credit,... 705 Allowance, Taels..... 16 Exchange. Demand. 30 days' night, ... 3/81 4 months sight, Documentary, 4 months aight, 3/9; demand, ... Shanghai, demand, 80 days' sight, private 784 Gold Leaf, 991 fine

(For Share Quotations, see Page 4.) Temperature. Queen's Road.) Новоково, Јаплату 21. THERMOMETER - 9 A.M. (Wet bulb) 9 LM. 59 Do.] r.w. 61 4 P.M. Do. Minimum over night 60

(China Review). The question of Chinese oaths once was an object of frequent discussion. For, the absence of judicial awearing from the courts in China had created for the colonies a source of difficulties which one tried to surmount without sufficient preliminary knowledge of the people's character and religious conceptions; and the result naturally was, that many a form of oath was precipitately adopted which afterwards proved to be worthless, and therefore had to be put aside again: A general mistake of most of the judiciary bodies was that in administration of justice by establishing a on Heaven and Earth, their Thien-Ti, reliable system of swearing, they forgot to make a clear distinction between an "imprecation" and an "oath." Some tribunals f.i. let a witness break a saucer's and tell him : " May my soul fulthough a Chinaman naturally understood his body] be creeked

likewise if I do not speak the truth." In other cases-and this became a more general method-they let him out off a cock's head and exclaim: "May I be done to as I do unto this fowl if I perjure myself," and so on; but in the eyes of most Chinamen practices of this kind are perhaps as nonsensical as they are in ours, because they include nothing that may influence their religious feelings. They are mere "imprecations," but do not constitute what we understand by an "oath." Imprecatory formalities of that sort may be, perhaps, useful as appendices to a purely religious oath, especially when inferior people are sworn, who want to have their rough minds somewhat intimidated by a practice likewise rough; but erroneous it is in any case to put the centre of gravity in them. The stress ought, on the contrary, to be laid upon the religious part, which, being the essential element, may never be celipsed by an imprecation that scarcely deserves a secondary

Now the question naturally arises : how may the religious feeling of the people in the best way fall in with the ceremony of judicial oath-taking, and how may it be made to add value to their onths as a bond upon the conscience? The solution is not at all difficult, and a moderate knowledge of Chinese religious conceptions may be herein a most trustworthy guide. We think that the way in which the question has been settled in Western Borneo, stands best! the In this country no cocks are decapitated before the tribunals and no cups smashed to pieces, but witnesses are, as soon as they have giver evidence, led under the open sky, to solemnly declare before Heaven and Earth that the plain truth, and nothing but the truth, has been told by them.

During the performance of this rite, the swearer holds one or three inceuse sticks it his hands, for no Chinaman would venture to appear before his gods, without this visible and odoriferous token of respect between his fingers. Two sticks may not be used because this number is exclusively employed the people of this country in worship of the dead. Some colonial officials of the swearer's own nationality accompany him, and one of them dictates what he is to sav for a fixed formula is not prescribed, neither could; even if there were, a simple Chinaman be supposed to have learned it previously by heart. In this way the witness is made to state before Heaven and Earth that he has given evidence to truth; but of his own accord and without instigation he often adds an imprecatory invocation of these two supreme divinities, exclaiming that they may destroy him and his whole offspring if he makes himself guilty of perjury. A bow à la Chinoise concludes the ceremony.

At Pontianak, the central seat of the Government of Western Borneo where this note is written, such judicial oaths are generally taken in presence of the Dutch official interpreter. But so far as to what concerns the form; now we shall consider the religious value of this oath.

It is a well-stated fact; that the Chinese have no notions about the Supreme Being that we denote by the name of God. But this does not prevent them from possessing a numerous host of deities, upon whom the fate of everything terrestrial is thought be dependent, and in whose faces onthe may accordingly be properly sworn. At the summit of this whole Parnassus are Heaven and Earth, the Father and the Mother of the

These two superior Gods are regarded by all classes of Chinese as the most influential and powerful of higher beings, and therefore held in an unrivalled veneration. And no wonder, Kor since very early times the inhabitants of Far Cathay must, like every other people, have been conscious of their absolute dependence upon these Supreme Powers, which are the authors of production and of everything that is, will be, and ever was created. Heaven is the Almighty God. who through the sun, his powerful agent, causes cold and heat, daylight and darkness. life and death alternately to reign. It gives birth to the annual periods of rain, drought. snow and wind; and thus rules the yearly and daily occupations of man. It excites and stops production, and consequently bears absolute sway over the fate of the human race: -in a word, Henven is the omnipresent Lord, who governs the world and everything animate and inanimate that is within its apheres. The Western peoples of antiquity. likewise aware of man's insignificance in the face of that awe-inspiring power, could not help humiliating themselves before the Heavenly God, and so remarkably was his worship developed among the nations which dwelled around Old Juden, that it caused the Jewish legislator to exclaim: " And lest thou lift up thine eyes unto heaven, and when thou seest the sun, and the moon, and the stars, even all the host of heaven. shouldest be driven to worship them and Borve them." † He had to exhort his people against the example of most of the Asiatic and European nations, and to warn them against the majestic and glorious scenes of Nature: for so seducing is the overawing spectacle of the Universe, and so difficult it is to make man understand the metaphysical doctrines and teachings about a supernatural Power, that even the Jews could but hardly be prevented from prostrating themselves before the alters of Nature, where they could worship what their own eyes daily

Indeed, the worship of Heaven and Earth was in olden times nearly universal. As the tried to demonstrate, that swearing by out put an end to there, as may be hoped, for ancient Chinese did, and the modern still notually do, so the Hellenic tribes placed Uranos and Gos at the top of Parnassus. because of their naturally standing at the head of all production and life. The Phonicians worshipped and adored that Divine Couple for a similar reason, and assigned a place to it in their national history as the progenitors of their princes; the Romans placed it at the head of their host of gods and the Atlanticans, Cretians, Celts and Scandinavians altogether had their Divinities of Heaven and Earth: - therefore we cannot wonder that as so many people did the same, the Chinese likewise paid a high veneration to the firmament above and the terrestrial sphere below. Inhabited by the sun, that great agent of Nature from

stands complete without the aid of the " wellstated fact" here noted, for it is certain that most impartial students of the Uhinese Classics will fail to agree with such a awaeping state ment.-En. Ch. Leview. + Deuter., iv., 19.

animals and men all, without exception, are minded enough for believing, that the dead the absence of Chinese members in the triindebted for their origin and existence. fowl will trouble him in revenge of his per- bundle. As has been already intimated, the every year with new vegetative energy, and judge imagines he is going to perform, thus becomes the mother of everything that lives and breathes within her bounds. There-

haps by that which Christians pay to God. have been an intelligent contriver. They do in their judicial proceedings: hat speak of the works of Nature or the We now proceed to give a short notice on this aversion into confidence and sympathy. works of God, when gazing on the ever- the way in which oaths are generall- ad- And as nothing is better fitted for realizing

say that they worship Heaven and Earth. The husbandman, at harvest, when he has gathered in his sheaves, acknowledges that it is his duty to "thank Heaven and worship Earth."* To return now to our starting points it is

at the feet of this omnipresent Dual Power, that the Chinese of Borneo, in the way we have described, make their judicial oaths. Some hundreds, perhaps, were idininistered through my own mediation during the course of my official enreer, but I never perceived coolness or indifference on the swearer's part. On the contrary most of them invoked Heaven and Earth with unfeigned devotion, fervour and ardonr; and I am convinced that not more perjurers were among them than can be supposed there would have been among as many Christians. swearing their own religious oath. Let it ! be noted, that the Chinese population of this

colony is a mixture of Hakkas, Hokios and Fuhkienese, and that the oath is equally fitted for them all, as they without exception regard Heaven and Earth as the two highest divinities. Most of them muintain, however. that it is sufficient to invoke the Heaven only, because, as they say, wherever there in a Henven, there of course at the same time is an Earth witnessing the oath. Certainly it needs not be told, that only

when the formulary is properly dictated and recited, estimacy can be expected of the oath. For the criterion is, as in our own Christian oaths, in the tenor of the words, and by no means in some accessory practices, as those of lifting up the lingers or burning incense sticks. The difficulty, which would ensue from this when European judges do not understand the spoken language of the people, is in Western Borneo radically removed by the enlightened policy of the Dutch Government. which has not shrunk from allotting seats in the tribunals to Chinese officials and notables. Whatever may be alleged against the Chiness and their character, experience has proved here, that they actively, and with much sense of duty, interest themselves in judicial matters, whereabout they have a right of voting. Wherever they are allowed to co-operate in the administration of justice. they become in every respect conscious of the importance of their office, and in consequence of that of the oath. Our Colonial Govern- | perplexed, and that it took a long time bement, availing of this, confidently commits the swearing of the witnesses to the Chinese. members of the courts; and the text of the correctness of the measure is, that until now not a single instance of broach of trust has

ever been recorded. This commendable mode of swearing Chinese in the face of Heaven and Earth or of was always wisely maintained by the actual resident, the able Mr. Kater, to whom the giving evidence in courts where they can be management of the wolfor has been trusted for a long series of years. It is applied refore each of the three courts, which administer justice in native and Chinese cases. on the so-called-Land-Councils. These triunals are established at Pontianak, Sintang and Singkawang, and are respectively presided over by the Resident himself and his wo Assistant-Residents, the members being not only Malays, but also Chinese and other Eastern Foreigners (Arabs and Hindoos). who all have an equal right of sitting and voting in the assemblies. Considering that these tribunals are even entitled to pronounce sentences of death, and that only condemnations to more than two years' deportation with forced labour need revision by the Supreme Court at Batavia, one may judge of the vastness of the judicial competence, which the Netherlands Indian Government commits to its Chinese subjects of this country. And certainly it is not a wrong principle, on

which the Dutch act, that the first element in a good administration of justice among races, with so great a variety of customs. in the tribunals, and inspiring them thereby. with confidence in our legislation, government and judicial proceedings.

After all, it may be called a matter of astonishment that the Dutch Colonial Government, after having done so much for a proper administration of justice, has not yet abolished in Java the disjusting method, of swearing Chinese by letting them decapitate cocks. Already years ago it was condemued by trustworthy anthors, and decried as

dangerous to justice. In May 1863 the well-known Dr. G. Schlegel, at that time a Government interpreter at Batavia, warned his countrymen against it in a periodical. which is published there under the title "Jurisprudence in Notherlands India," † and conscience, that the bloody oath has been ting off a cock's head is only done among the ever. Chinese in federation, so that, as a judicial The majority of the Chinese population of ries on China and Japan" ! likewise disap- Fuhkien. In this part of the immense proved it and told he could testify, that the Middle Kingdom a reverence is paid to decapitated cook in no wise prevents the Heaven and Earth, which is perhaps un-

a sense of speaking the truth.

* Edins, Religion in Ching, chapter viil. + Het techt in Nederlandsch Indie. ± Vol. III., p. 18. 8 Ibid, p. 144.

whom life, growth and production emanate, of its invalidity, because neither of the two tion: how is it that a worthless and contheir "Imperial Heaven" & Kenvelopes performances endows it yet with a religious demned form of oath; in spite of the good element that can intimidate the swearer, and example of the neighbouring Borneo, could "Empress Earth" | and is joined to accordingly prevent his giving false evidence; maintain itself in Java? Doubtless it owes her in a fecund marriage, to which plants, for it is not probable that he will be simple- its tenneity of existence in the first place to

And, impregnated by her consort, who pours jury. This explains why in Java so many Dutch Covernment allots extensive judicial ?. his foundating rains into her womb and by Chinese witnesses, when called upon to swear competence to Chinese officials in Borneo. his regular motions rules the sessons, days the bloody outh, seem to be rather amused but the same privilege is in no wise allowed Yangteze Ins.... and nights, this Empress Earth is endowed than impressed by the sacred act which the to their colleagues in Java, although these Union Ins. Soc. But if all-seeing Heaven is invoked, then tively speaking of interior intelligence. the wrath of the Supreme Divinity shall, in Even in case of trial of a Chinaman accused C'ton Ins. Offico 10,000 8 fore, it is easily to be congeived why the case of perjury, hover over the sweater's of the greatest crimes, they have but one Chinese Ins. Co. 1,500 8. Chinese, who never learned to invent a God head; and this prospect shall undoubtedly consultative voice; the decision being, so HK. Fire Inc. 2,000 8 beyond the pale of the Universe, used to gaze make a deeper impression upon a Chinaman's far as the Land Councils are concerned, left, China Fire Ins. 4,000 8 mind than the decapitation of a thousand in addition to a Enripean President, to some steam o'panies.

act, and in any case, nothing more than a exceed those of the Chinese. Being thus China Coast S. In fact, the gross material views of the symbolical representation of the fate which systematically excluded from judicature, Navigation ... 5,000 Tl. Chinese do not admit of bellef in the exist- any perjurer is expected to undergo. But as the Chinese officers in Java naturally have MISCELLANEOUS. ence of one invisible Maker and Ruler of it does in no wise confront the swearer with never taken a deep interest in the proper HK. & Wh'poa the world. They can adopt the conception a higher being, the conclusion must be drawn, administration of justice, neither do they, of visible Nature, of Heaven and Earth, the that it is a chimera and a groundless fanoy in consequence, feel it incumbent upon HK. and China two ruling powers of the Universe; but no- to expect any efficacy from such a form of them to instruct the judges about the tions of a purely immaterial being, to whom onth in the sense which law demands. It proper way in which their countrymen these two agents would be subjected, cannot could, perhaps, be objected here, that the ought to swear. Indeed, rarely will a China Sugar Co. penetrate the thick crust of realism, that liability to punishment for perjury provides Chinaman take the initiative in such like H'kong Ice Co. envelopes their minds. And with regard to against this evil. But as long as the law matters, unless he be encouraged to do so. creation, they know of no law but spontaneity has not yet substituted a simple declaration For, owing to the state of things in his and self-development in the construction of for the cath, and continues recognizing its mutive country, he has an innate aversion the existing Universe. They consider that sanctity and religious character, the tribunals against everything on which there is even the all things have come to be as they are of have certainly no right at all to dispose of the appearance of jurisdiction; and being thus themselves. They do not conclude, from question in this way; neither does the false | naturally inclined to regard a tribunal as a the marks of design and contrivance, which ar ument allow them to admit, in spite of ferocious monster, beyond the claws of which are exhibited in Nature, that there must conviction, untrustworthy forms of swearing he should keep himself as long as possible, *

moving panorama, which that Universe of- ministered in Java. The invocation of a this purpose than the enlisting of the Chifers to the eye. They prefer to denominate divine power in judicial swearing is, in most ness chieftuins in the judiciary bodies, the it the "living Heaven" and the "living cases, entirely noglected there. Witnesses mixed tribunals such as they actually exist Earth." Therefore, instead of saying that are simply ordered by the presidents of the in Borneo are intimately bound up with a they worship God, they will more frequently tribunals to go out and swear; a cock or proper administration of the Chinese oath: hen and a sword are handed to him by a so that they may be said to be urgently policeman, and with a single stroke he needed, wherever any importance is still severs the head from the bird. A Chinese I attached to the sanctity of judicial ouths. official ought to be at hand to superinterid this so-called oath; but it seems that it has become quite a custom for both him and the awearer not to speak a single word And on testimonies, confirmed in this wav. sentences are passed which sometimes entail twenty years' deportation with forced labour, and even the penalty of death !

No wonder that such a worthless form of does some injury. During life beware of the onth, for which nobody can, of course, thertribunals, and after death of hell, etc. ish much respect, is frequently corrupted by an abuse that destroys its last spark of validity. More than once I have witnessed that this was expressly done by native policemen, who were greedy to save something for themselves of the full prices which the getting up of his linen, wrote a note to his Covernment pays. That such things pave laundress, and at the same time sent one to the way first for decision and mockery, and the object of his affections. Unfortunately.

sworn at a time; and in such cases the the evening, and declared she would never premises of the court are covered with de-| capitated and partly decapitated birds, sprawling about in the midst of a crowd of aughing spectators and native policemen. Another drawback is, that where this form oath is in vogue, young women and girls, who have scarcely east the colt's tooth, are compelled to commit a bloody act, which makes them shrink and shiver. have seen young female witnesses reluctantly obey the orders of the judge, complaining with tears in their eyes, that the killing of the bird would bring evil to themselves and their families. I have seen girls, not accustomed to handle a sword, carve and cut the sprawling cock in their bewilderment in a most shocking manner. I have also seen others, after many vain attempts to decollate the bird, at last let it slip from their hands, while the poor fowl, crying and bleeding, fluttered over the premises of the court, to the great pleasure of both spectators and policemen. No wonder that such witnesses, reentering the court, were quite slarmed and fore the judges could extort any intelligible evidence from their mouths; and yet it is a matter of doubt, whether they did not unconsciously tell stories in their bewilder-

ment. Would it not have been better for justice if they had not been sworn at all? Many superstitious Chinese believe indeed, that a bloody oath, even though there Heaven only, has been practised in Western is no question of perjury, will frequently llerneo for more than half a century, and bring ill-luck and calamities. Such people | will, of course, always try to withdraw from compelled to take the life of an animal; and Justice accordingly loses by the oath, instead of gaining. It may, moreover, not be forgotten, that in these colonies a lot of Chinese are, or profess to be, adherents of the Buddhistic tenets, and frequently yow before their Gods not to co-operate in any way in destroying animal life; Now, for such people it is likewise a matter of course to avoid the courts where bloody oaths are used for swearing purposes; for they cortainly, in the first place, do not like to have calamities sent by the Gods, as a punishment

for their faithlessness and insincerity. The fundamental law for our colonies has an article, which runs: "Every one may profess his religious opinions with unlimited liberty, saving the protection of society and to communicate with the Editor in the its members against the transgression of the event of any inaccuracy occurring in this general regulations under penalty" (art. list as compiled from the papers and other of it, but we are convinced that most readers will, at all times, be glad to receive any will agree; that it is rather open to doubt whether tribunals are in strict harmony with later advices, private or otherwise; than his this law, when they compel a Chinaman to ideas and notions, consists in enlisting them | swear the bloody outh and thus to break his religious vow relating to the sparing of animul life. Were such a bloody oath a necessary ceremony, which cannot be done without, there could be said something. perhaps, in favour of its being forced upon

a Buddhist; but considering that there exists a much better form, which could and ought to be substituted for it, such an oathtaking will always be a violation of the law of religious liberty whenever Buddhists are concerned. Especially among the Chinese of Borneo there are numbers of Buddhistic zealots, who abstain from shedding blood and even from the use of animal food; and it is certainly a boon both for the good, administration of justice and the liberty of

oath, it is quite devoid of validity and Java are colonists, or descendants of cosense. An author in the Notes and Que- lonists, who have emigrated from Southern telling of most audacious lies; while the paralleled in any of the eighteen provinces; lute Mr. Mayers recommended in the same and as the Chinese always take their habits periodicals the oath which we advocate, by and religious oustoms wherever they go, saying that in making a solemn affirmation | the worship of the two Supreme Divinities before Heaven, the Chinese are not without is to be found also in Java without any important modification. It may accordingly One need not be a juriet to conceive that on good grounds be concluded, that there is in cath, without the invocation of any no objection at all to be made against the higher being whatever, can never be trust- introduction in that island of the oath of worthy as a bond upon the conscience. This Western Borneo. We abstain from entering is true in the first place, for the uneducated upon the particulars of the worship of classes, which have as good as no notions of Heaven and Earth, which is so remarkably the sanctity of Justice. And neither the developed among the Java-Chinese also, It will be well if Mr. Groot's argument decapitation of a cock, nor the recital of an because any reader, who takes interest in mprecatory formula can strip such an oath the matter, may consult our essays on the Corea. subject in a work on annual customs and Belted Will. festivals of the Amoy-Chinese, the first part of which was very recently published at Bellerophon (s.)

A last question is still worthy of atten- | Chi Yuen (a.)

Batavia.

SHARE LIST.—QUOTATIONS. Jan. 21, 1882. Last Di-Closing Quo-Working | Paid-1 vidend. tutions, Cash. Account. BANKS. 1,000 Tl. 2,000 Tl. 600 Tl. 238,600 Tl.251,064.91 Tl. 75 † Tl. 1175 p. sh Nth. China Ins. 350 Tl. 350 Tl. 500.488 Tl. 18.447.56 500 8 2,500 8 500 8 381,787 8 437,688.58 \$144.27 \$ \$1600 certainly cannot be said to be compara-600 8 1666.66 8 500 8 475,000 8 91,928.49 \$285 ex div. 1,000 8 200 8 761,842 8 226,847.81 500 8 100 8 433,984 8 103,029.68 cooks. It may by no means be forgotten, native members, whose civilisation and in- HK. C. and M. [1], with a reverence unequalled save per- that the killing of a fewl is a pure allegorie tellectual capacities do, as a rule, surely not | Steamboat 8,000 8 --1;489.20 1253-1253 H'kong Hotel... \$130 p. share 3,161 \$5 § 850 H'kong Bakery Interest June30 Dec31 Feb. 28 Ag. 31 April & Oct. 1881 8,565 Tl. June & Dec. the must, even in the colonies, learn to turn EDWARD GEORGE. To 30th April, 1881.

(Revised January 1st, 1882.)

In the following Statements and Tables J. J. M DE GROOT. the Rates are given in cents, and are, for Pontianak, September, 1881. Letters per half ounce, for Books and * The Chinese are very fond of deciding their Patterns, per tico ounces. judges and tribunals by pithy remarks. The following characteristic popular sayings may iliustrate this: Put your head in or out, it is quit the same (i.e. you will lose it in any case). papers may be sent at Book Rate. Two

Newspapers must not be folded together as

one, nor must anything whatever be inserted

except bona fide Supplements. Printed

matter may, however, be enclosed, if the

whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices Cur-

rent may be paid either as Newspapers or

Commercial Papers signify such papers

The sender of any Registered Article

may accompany it with a Return Receipt

Countries of the Postal Union.

The Union may be taken to comprise

Countries NOT in the Union. - The chief

countries not in the Union are the Aus-

Postage to Union Countries.

10 cents per 🖥 oz.,

3 cents each.

2 cents each.

10 cents.

General Rates, by any route :--

Books, Patterns and }2 cents per 2 oz.

spondence within the Postal Union.

There is no charge on redirected corre

Postage to Non-Union Countries.

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gistration, 10; Newspapers, 2; Books and

Patterns, 2: Via Galle, Letters, 25; Re-

gistration, 10; Newspapers, 2.; Books and

Natal, the Cape, St. Helens, Ascen-

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LOCAL POSTAGE

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Post Cards.

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Comm. Papers.

AN AWKWARD TRANSPOSITION. - A YOUNG gentleman, who is very particular about the as, though Written by Hand, do not bear finally for perjury, will certainly not be he put the wrong address on the envelopes the character of an actual or personal correand posted them. The woman was puzzled, spondence, such as invoices, deeds, copied But apart from the question of validity, but not in the least offended; but when the music, &c. The charge on them is the same it can hardly be denied, that the method of | young lady read, "If you rumple up my | as for books, but, whatever the weight of swearing by slaughtering fowls is extremely |-shirt-bosoms and drag the button off-the-col- a packet containing any partially written disgusting. In Java it occurs of course lar any more, as you did last time, I shall paper, it will not be charged less than t very frequently, that many witnesses are have to go somewhere bise," she cried all cents.

A judge is like a tiger: he never moves but he

speak to him again. on paying an extra fee of 5 cents. A curious case has perplexed the Juge de Paus of the Ninth Arrondissement of Paris, and he has taken time to consider his lecision. A concierne and his wife, of a house in the Rue Pigalle, had a busy day in superintending the removal of the furniture of a rich lodger, and other business accruing | inches. at 11 o'clock, kept the worthy couple out of bed an hour later. They lay down after midnight and slept the sleep of the laborious. A lielated lodger lingered abroad after the theatre and pulled the bell-string after Europe, all foreign possessions in Asia, one o'clock. There was no response, and Japan, W. Africa, Egypt, Mauritius, all after many attempts and breaking the cord. the gentleman at last so belaboured the gate | Peru, Chili, Venezuela, The Argentine is supplied gratis. The Registration of with his cane, that a lodger of the first-floor | Republic, Jamaica, Trinidad, Guiana, descended to the porter's room. On look- Honduras, Bermuda, Labuan, Hawaii, with ing in he perceived by the light of a dwin- all Danish, French, Netherlands, Portudled lamp, that the Janitor and his wife guese and Spanish Colonies. were lying motionless and mouth-open on the bed. He at once accounted for their inactivity in attending to the gate by the tralasian Group, and S. Africa. horrid supposition that they had either accidentally or voluntarily been poisoned or asphyxiated. He rushed to the outer door, imparted the shocking news to his belated fellow-lodger who had been knocking, and both ran in hot haste to summon the nearest doctor. When the man of medicine hurriedly arrived, the porter and his wife were found sitting up in the bed, wondering at the strange commotion-"You were dead, were you not?" said the gentleman of the first-floor. "Not the least in the world," replied the concierge, "we only slept like stones." The doctor went his way back to bed utterly disgusted. But in a few days, he sent in a bill for twenty Fiji, via Torres Straits, Letters, 10; Refrancs to the gentleman who called him up. The gentleman referred him to the patient the porter. The latter declared that a good sound sleep was not a malady demanding a doctor's assistance. Both are sued by the angry physician, and the justice of peace cannot quite see which of the three should be the sufferer. It is a nicer point

than may appear on the surface. Shipping Intelligence.

The following lists are corrected from the latest London and Colonial Papers, and from other sources. Consignees are invited We do not know what jurists think | information at his command. The Editor additions to the list from those who have

VESSELS TO ARRIVE. AT HONGKONG.

Left.	Name.	From.			
July 18,	Valparaiso,	Hamburg			
25,	Tecumseh,	Cardiff			
Aug. 2.	Melbourne,	Cardiff			
15.	Edwin Reed,	Cardiff			
23.	Harmonia,	Honolulu			
24.	Mornington,	Penarth			
กก	Fritz,	Penarth			
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, Supe. – ,	Margareth,	Cardiff			
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	Brazos,	Cardiff			
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	Rock Terrace,	Newport			
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Hermann.

At Liverpool:

Local Delivery. 1. All correspondence posted before 5 p.m. on any week day for addresses in Victoria will be delivered the same day, and generally within two hours, unless the delivery should be retarded by the Contract Mails. 2. Invitations, &c. can generally be

(c) Between Hongkong, Canton, and Macao,

(d) Via Singapore, 19 cents.

delivered within Victoria at the private houses of the addressees rather than at places of business, if a wish to that effect be expressed by the sender, otherwise all correspondence is invariably delivered at the nearest place of business.

3. Boxholders who desire to send Circulars, Dividend Warrants, Invitations, Cards,

&c., all of the same weight, to addresses in Hongkong Rates of Postage. Hongkong, Bangkok, or the Ports of Office unstamped, the postage being then charged to the sender's account. Each batch must consist of at least ten.

4. Boxholders may also send Patterns to the same places in the same way. Envelopes containing Patterns may be wholly closed, if the nature of the contents be first Newspapers over four ounces in weight | exhibited or stated to the Postmaster are charged as double, treble, &c., as the General, as he may consider necessary, and case may be, but such papers or packets of approved by him. Printed Circulars may be inserted in such Pattern Packets.

> PARCELS.—The public is reminded that there is no such thing as Parcel Post to Europe, &c. Much trouble and disappointment are caused by persistent attempts to send small valuable trifles through the Post. Fans. Curios. Articles of Dress. Fancy Work, and similar presents are continually being refused, the senders having often spent more in Postage than would have paid the freight by steamer. No refund can be made on such parcels of the value of Stamps obliterated before the nature of the contents was discovered.

> > Local and Indian Parcel Post

Small Parcels may be sent by Post at Book Rates between Hongkong and any The limit of weight for Books and Com- of the British Post Offices in China, as well mercial Papers to Foreign Post Offices is as to Japan, Macao, Pakhoi, the Straits 4 lbs. Patterns for such offices are limited. Settlements, and India. They must not to 8 ounces, and must not exceed these exceed the following dimensions, 2 feet dimensions: 8 inches by 4 inches by 2 long, I foot broad, I foot deep, weigh more than 5lbs., nor be smaller than 3 in. by 2 Such parcels may be wholly closed if they bear this special endorsement, PARCEL, CONTAINING NO LETTER, but any parcel may be opened by direction of the Postmaster General. In the Case of Parcels for India a declaration of contents and N. America, Mexico, Salvador, Brazil, I value is required, a printed form for which Parcels for India is compulsory.

> 2. The following cannot be transmitted: Parcels insufficiently packed or protected, or liable to be crushed (as bandboxes. &c.) Opium, Glass, Liquids, Explosive substances, Matches, Indigo, Dyestuffs, Ice, Meat, Fish, Game, Fruit, Vegetables, or whatever is dangerous to the Mails, or likely to become offensive or injurious in transit.

3. Parcels are as a general rule forwarded by Private Ship, not by Contract Mail Packet. To India they are forwarded by the P. & O. and Indian Mail Packets only. No responsibility is accepted with regard to any parcel, unless Registered, and then only to the amount of \$10. 4. The public are cautioned not to con-

Europe, &c., which does not exist.

It is necessary that the following rules be strictly observed. 1. No Letter or Packet, whether to be registered or unregistered, can be received for Postage if it contains gold or silver Kossid e Mumbai. money, jewels, precious articles, or any- Leader. thing that, as a general rule, is liable to Lio d's Weekly Newspaper.

Customs duties. 2. This Regulation prohibits the sending of Patterns of dutiable articles, unless the quantity sent be so small as to make the sample of no value.

3. The limits of weight allowed are as Books and Papers to British Offices, 5 lbs. to the Continent, &c., 4 lbs. Patterns—to British Offices, 5 lbs. if without intrinsic value; to the Continent.

Indemnity for the Loss of a Registered Article. The Post Office is not legally responsible A-kong Ngam. for the safe delivery of Registered correspondence, but it is prepared to make good the Cheung-shan Hom. contents of such correspondence lost while | Chung Hom. passing through the Post, to the extent of

\$10, in certain cases, provided :-1. That the sender duly observed all the onditions of Registration required. 2. That the letter was securely enclosed

n a reasonably strong envelope. 3. That application was made to the Postmester General of Hongkong immediately the loss was discovered, the envelope being invariably forwarded with such appli- Kai lung Wan. cation unless it also is lost

4. That the Postmaster General is satis- | Kau-lung. fied that the loss occurred whilst the corres. Kau-pui Shek. pondence was in the oustody of the British Kung Chung. Postal administration in China, that it was Kung Kok not caused by any fault on the part of the Lapsan Wan sender, by destruction by fire, or shipwreck, Li-ii Mun. nor by the dishonesty of negligence of any Matau Chung. person not in the employment of the Matau Kok Hongkong Post Office

5. No compensation can be paid for mere damage to fragile articles such as portraits. Marki.
watches, handsomely bound books, &c. Mong-kok:
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a broken or deteriorated condition.
Ngonganun Chau,

NOWBEADY

PRICE, \$1.00. "COMPARATIVE CHIEFF FAMILY LAW. Br E. H. PARKER.

Can be obtained from KELLY & WALEH at Shanghai and Hongkong, at LANE, CHAWFORD & Co., Houghong, and at the China Mall Office. Hongkong, December 6, 1879.

TOST OFFICE NOTICE Inclaimed Correspondence, Jan. 20, 1882.

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For Merchant Ships

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Books, etc. without Covers 'leigravia. Boston Herald. Ciel et Terre. ork Gazette. Inaha Daily Review.

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Jecoura caosche Conrant. Dumfries and Galloway Courier. Pleasburger Nachrichton. found these facilities with a Parcel Post to Frannkfurter Oder Zeitung. General Unzeiger. Glasgow Weekly Mail. Firephio: Hawajian Gazette.

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mudon and China Express. Mittheilhingen. Physiologisch Laboratorium. lotterdamsche Courant. .Nandard. Statistische Mittheilungen. stratford upon Avon Herald. Textile de Lyon.

Victorian Review. Zuricheresche Freitagezeitung.

NAMES OF VILLAGES &c IN OR NEAR HONGKOUG (Corrected Spelling.) San Tain. Shai-wan. Shai-tani Po Sham-almi Po Chung Wan. Shau ki Wan. Fo-pang. Shek-o. Shek Tong. Ha-wan. Heung-kong Tsai Shek-tong Tsui. (Aberdeen). Shoung Wan. Shui-taing Wan, Hok-tsui. Hok-tsur Wan. Sc-kon Po. Tai-kok Tsui. Hok-im. Hok-un Kok. Tai-long Ha. Hung-houng Lo Taillung Kung. Tai-pang Mi. Tai-ping Shan. Tai-shek Kok, Ka-sz Wan. Tai tam Tai-tam Tuk. Tai-wan Tai-wong Kung Tang lung Ohan. Taat Tas-mui. Taini-alia Tsui Teo-pai Teal. To-Lwa Wan. Ma-tau Tslin. To-ti Wan. Tung-we (Hospital). Matan Wai Tung-lo Wan. Un Chau. Wan-taal. Wong-kok Tath. Pakahui Wan.

Wong ma Kok. Pok tu Lam. Woog mai Chung Sal-wan Tsal. Yauma ZJ. Sai Ying-pun N.H .- Documents should not be dated Year of Kunng-sit, which is the style of H. M. the Emperor of China, and is of course inapplicable in a British Crimival

Printed and published by Gro. MURRAY Bain, at the China Muil Office, No. 2. Wyndham Street, Hongkong